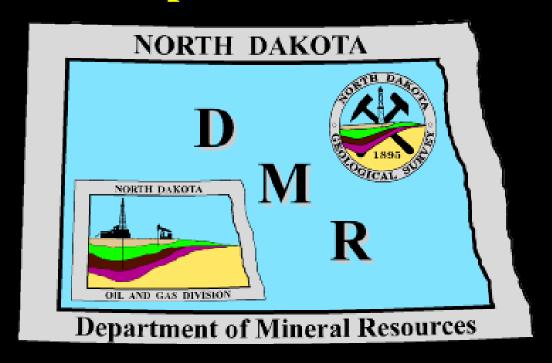
### North Dakota Department of Mineral Resources



http://www.oilgas.nd.gov

http://www.state.nd.us/ndgs

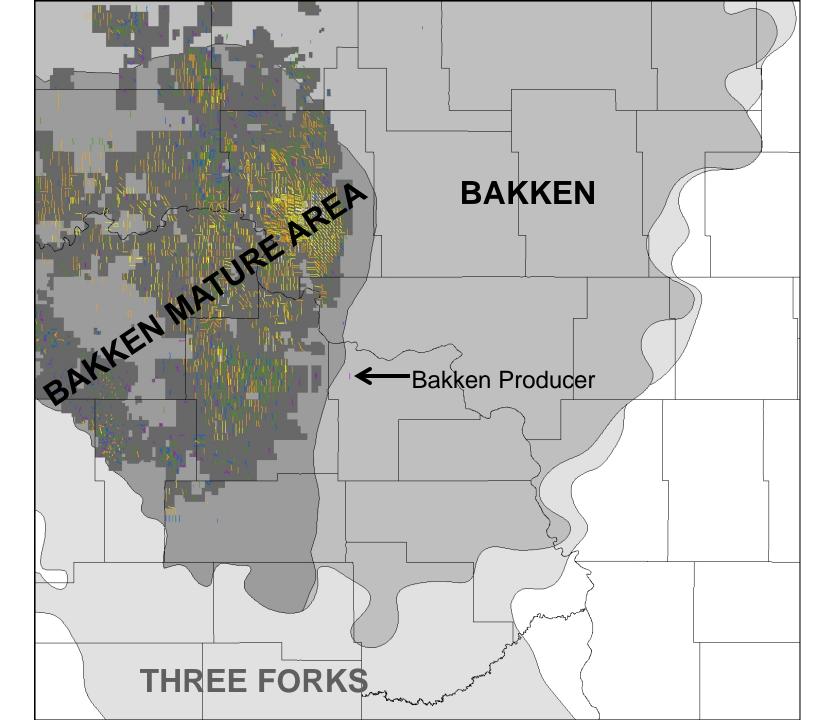
600 East Boulevard Ave. - Dept 405 Bismarck, ND 58505-0840 (701) 328-8020 (701) 328-8000

### **BAKKEN BASICS**

- Where are we?
- Where are we going?
- · How did we get here?
- What could change?



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration based on data from various published studies. Canada and Mexico plays from ARI. Updated: May 9, 2011



NO ONE TRICK PONY

- Tyler = est. 2500 wells
  - SW North Dakota
- Spearfish = est. 2500 wells
  - Bottineau County
  - Red River= est. 100 wells
  - Golden Valley, Bowman Counties
  - Mission Cannon = unclear at this point
    - Burke, Renville Counties

The Geological Survey tested 4,325 NDSWC monitoring wells for methane in 52 of the 53 counties in North Dakota from 2006-2010.

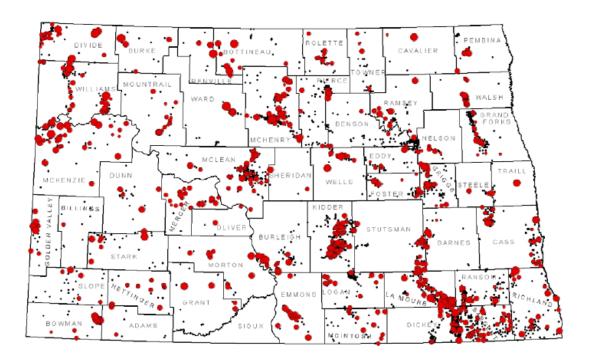


Methane bubbling to the surface in a twoinch NDSWC monitoring well.

#### SHALLOW GAS PROJECT

The Geological Survey recently completed phase I of a study of shallow natural gas in North Dakota. We investigated 9,400 ND State Water Commission monitoring well sites, tested 4,325 wells, and detected methane in 905 wells. Approximately 20% of the wells contained detectable gas.

During the second phase of the project, thirty groundwater samples, primarily from eastern North Dakota, will be analyzed for dissolved gas composition, isotopes, and general chemistry. This will enable us to determine the source of the gas and identify chemical groundwater signatures that might assist the oil and gas industry in natural gas exploration.



Monitoring wells that contained methane are indicated with red dots, black dots are wells that contained no detectable methane. The red dots are sized to reflect the concentration of methane -- the higher the concentration, the larger the dot.

#### PROPPANT PROJECT

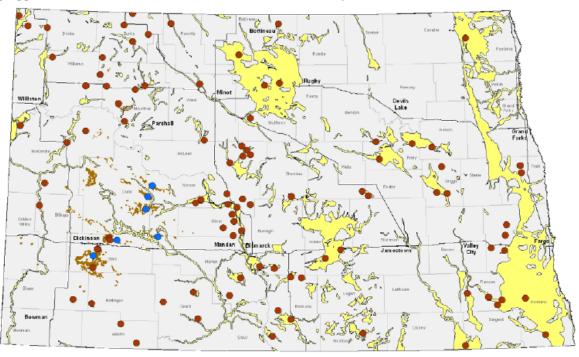
Photomicrograph of sand grains collected in McHenry County.



Photomicrograph of ceramic proppant from a batch that was used in a Bakken well in North Dakota. This proppant was manufactured in China.

Millions of tons of sand and ceramic proppants are used every year in the Williston Basin, part of a multi-billion dollar industry. The Geological Survey has collected 125 sand samples throughout the state in our search for deposits that could be utilized for oil and gas proppants in the well fracing process. We are in the process of performing preliminary analysis on those samples to determine if any would fit the proppant criteria. We have also collected clay samples and will be testing those samples for their kaolin content to determine their suitability in the manufacturing of ceramic proppants.

Under the second phase of this project, the ten most promising sand samples will undergo full ISO analysis (including bulk density, specific gravity, crush resistance, etc), mineralogy (XRD), and stack conductivity analysis to determine which are the most suitable proppant candidates and we will continue to evaluate the clay beds.



Locations of sand samples (red dots) and clay samples (blue dots) collected during this study. The areas in yellow are known sand deposits and the areas in brown are kaolinitic claystones within the Golden Valley Formation.

#### Estimate 20-50 billion tons of ND Mineable Reserves

# 1 inch

Potash core from a depth of 9,000 feet in Burke County.

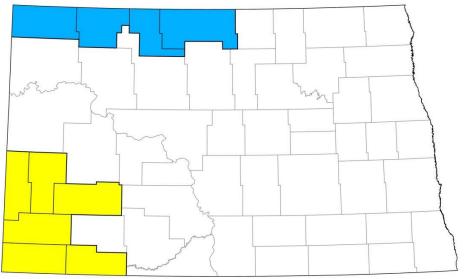
#### \$6 trillion -15 trillion

We have received a number of enquires from the mineral industry in the past 18 months as the price increased for a variety of elements and minerals. Chief among these enquiries has been uranium and potash. Uranium was mined in North Dakota in the 1960s. It was heavily explored for in the 1970s, but has been of little interest for the last 30 years until the price for uranium oxide reached an all time high in June of 2007. Companies have also expressed interest in associated elements molybdenum and germanium. We are aware of three companies that are contemplating mining uranium in southwestern North Dakota.

Potash or potassium salts are primarily used in the production of fertilizer. Potash exploration took place in northwest North Dakota in the 1970s. Since 2006, the price of potash rose from \$190 to \$1,050 per ton then fell to \$300 per ton and is rising again. Based on increasing demand in rice growing regions. There are two companies that we know are actively pursuing potash exploitation.



Formation Resources drilling for uranium, molybedenum, and germanium under a subsurface mineral permit in Billings County during the fall of 2008.



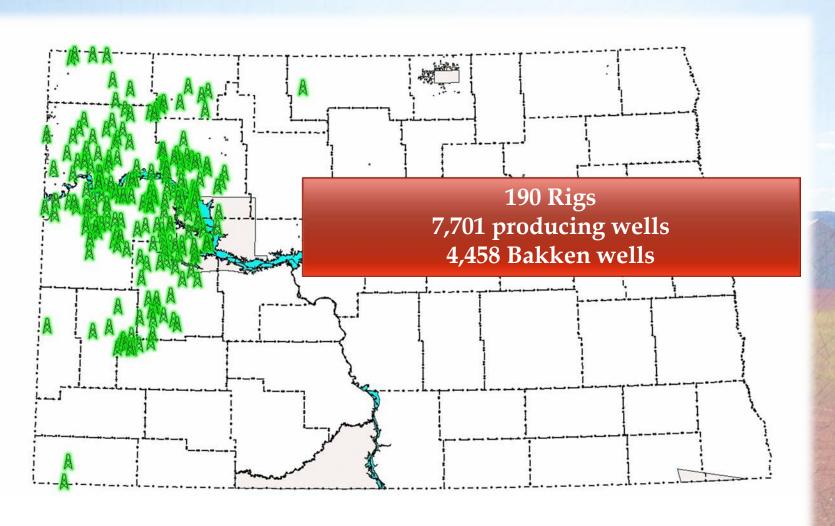
Counties that contain uranium deposits are in yellow and those that contain the shallowest potash deposits are in blue.

- Became #3 Oil Producing state in March (January figures)
- Became #2 Oil Producing state in May (March Figures)
- August production 21.7 million barrels of oil or 701,000 barrels of oil per day
- 23.6 Billion cubic feet of natural gas or 761 million cubic feet per day

 2 Billionth barrel of oil produced in November 2011

• 1 Billionth barrel of oil produced in October 1989

• First barrel of oil produced in April 1951



#### **BAKKEN BASICS:**

### WHERE ARE WE?

#### What Does Every New Bakken Well Mean to North Dakota

A typical 2012 North Dakota Bakken well will produce for 45 years

If economic, enhanced oil recovery efforts can extend the life of the well

In those 45 years the average Bakken well:

Produces approximately 615,000 barrels of oil

Generates about \$20 million net profit

Pays approximately \$4,325,000 in taxes \$2,100,000 gross production taxes \$1,800,000 extraction tax \$425,000 sales tax

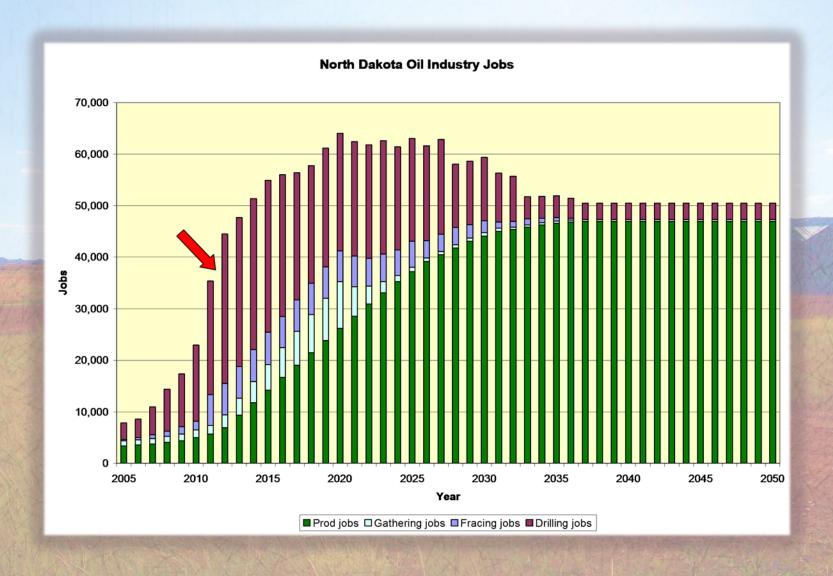
Pays royalties of \$7,300,000 to mineral owners

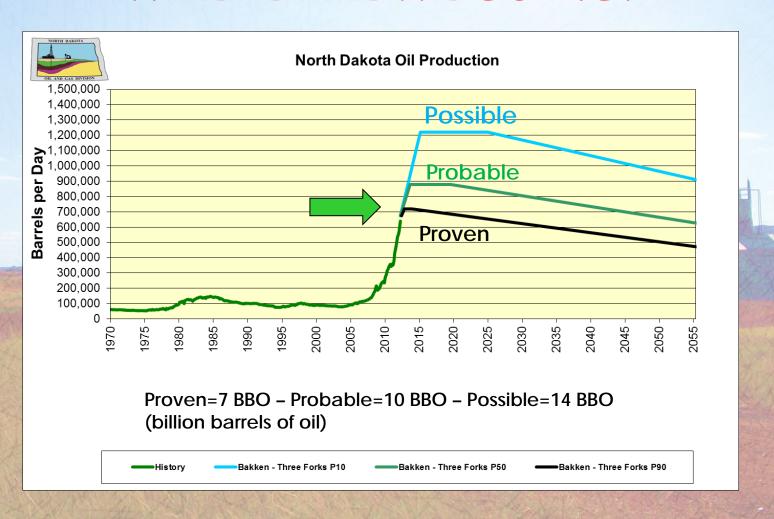
Pays salaries and wages of \$2,125,000

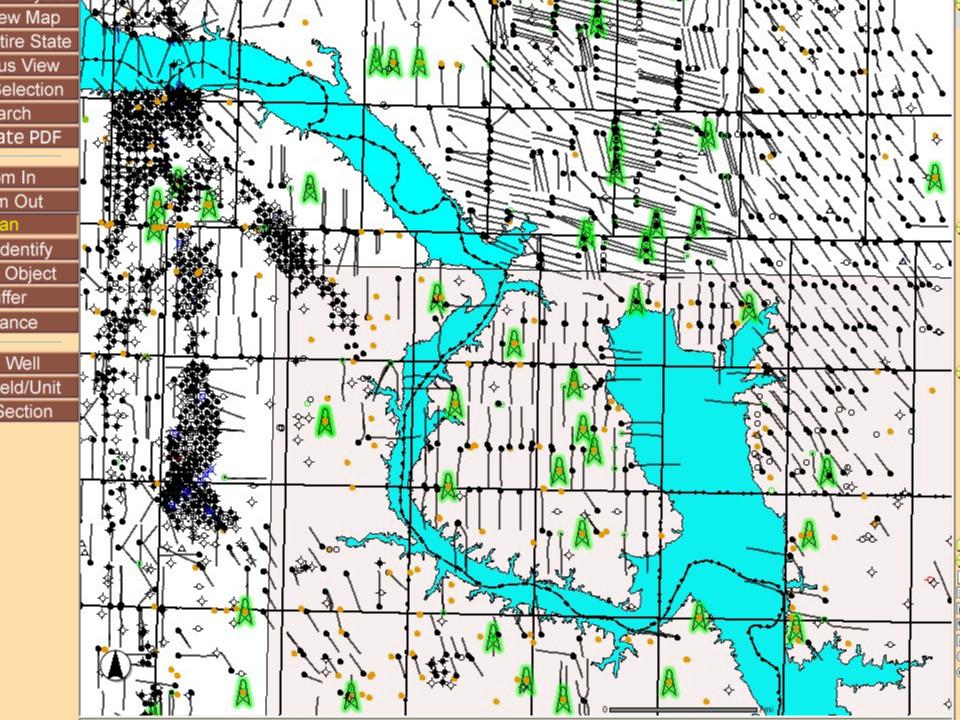
Pays operating expenses of \$2,300,000

Cost \$9,000,000 to drill and complete

- 1,800 to 3,000 wells/year = 2,000 expected
  - -150-250 rigs = 12,000 30,000 jobs
  - Another 10,000-15,000 jobs building infrastructure
  - 200 rigs can drill the wells needed to secure leases in 1 year
  - 200 rigs can drill the wells needed to develop spacing units in 18 years
  - 35,000-40,000 more new wells







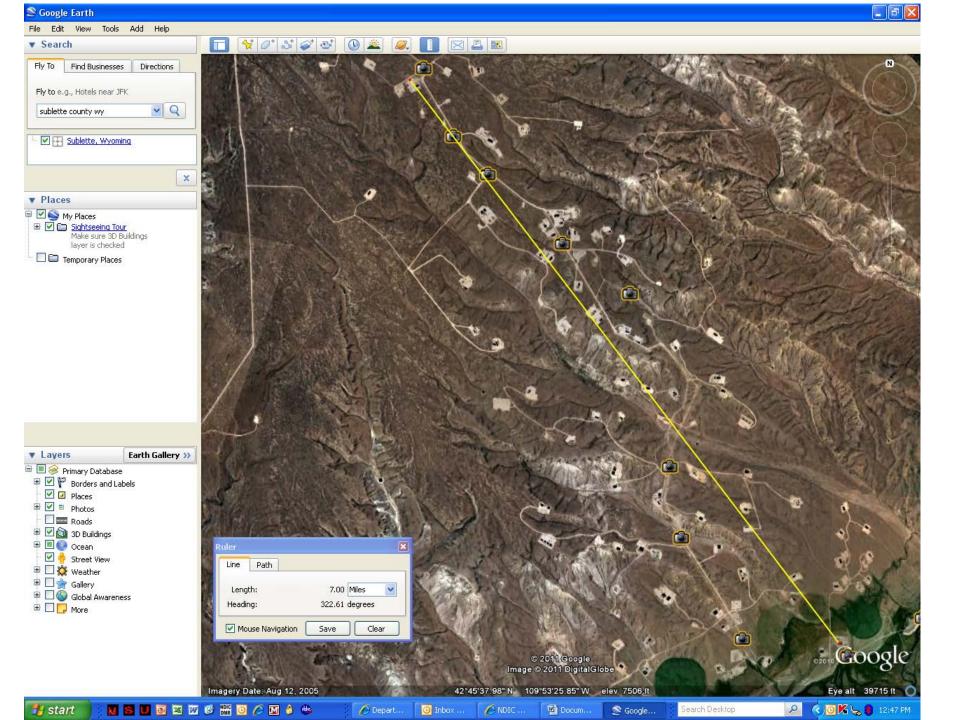
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Vern Whitten Photography

os://www.dmr.nd.gov/OaGIM5/viewer.htm Oil and Gas : ArcIMS Viewer end / Layers erview Map / Entire State evious View ar Selection Search nerate PDF Zoom In Zoom Out ect Identify elect Object Buffer Distance Find Well d Field/Unit nd Section WE I

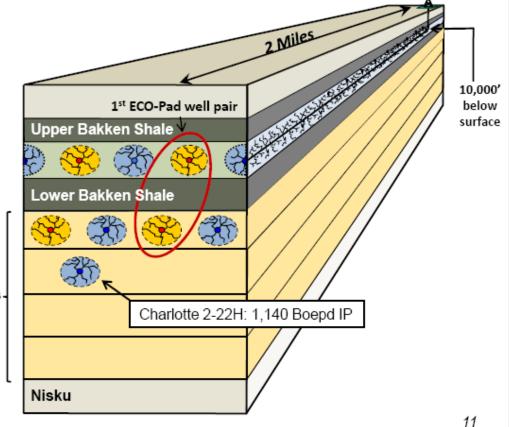




### Bakken Development Plan

- Original dual-zone development plan
  - 8 wells per 1,280 acres – 4 MB, 4TF
  - 603,000 Boe EUR per well (avg. 24.5 stages/completion)
  - ECO-Pad® design:
     2 wells south, 2
     wells north

    Three Forks:
- Additional Three Forks potential





### Six Wells on a Single Pad

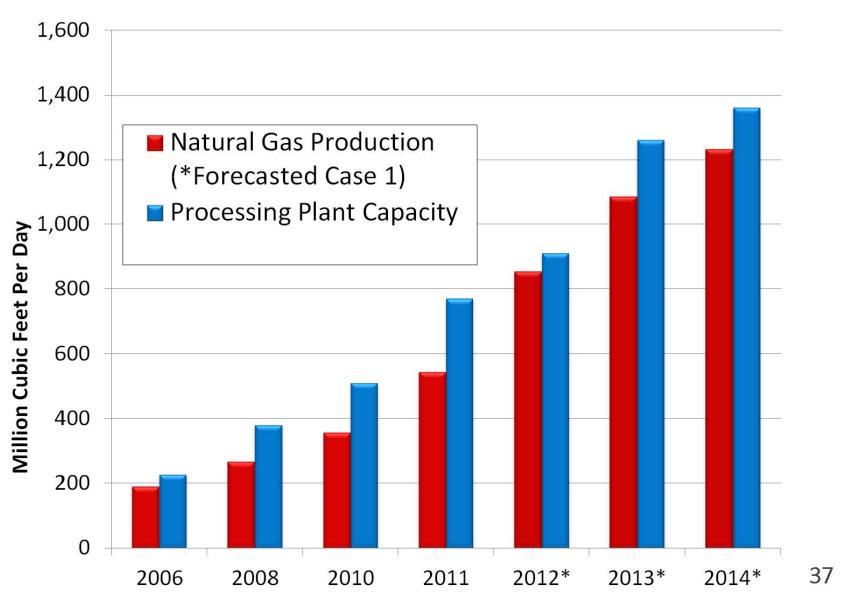


Vern Whitten Photography



Photo Courtesy: MDU

### **ND Gas Plant Capacity**



- Compound
  - Purpose
    - Common application
- Fresh Water 80.5%
- Proppant 19.0%
  - Allows the fractures to remain open so the oil and gas can escape
    - Drinking water filtration, play ground sand
- Acids 0.12%
  - Help dissolve minerals and initiate fractures in rock (pre-fracture)
    - Swimming pool cleaner
- Petroleum distillates 0.088%
  - Dissolve polymers and minimize friction
    - Make-up remover, laxatives, and candy
- Isopropanol 0.081%
  - Increases the viscosity of the fracture fluid
    - Glass cleaner, antiperspirant, and hair color
- Potassium chloride 0.06%
  - Creates a brine carrier fluid
    - Low-sodium table salt substitute
- Guar gum 0.056%
  - Thickens the water to suspend the sand
    - Thickener used in cosmetics, baked goods, ice cream, toothpaste, sauces, and salad dressing
- Ethylene glycol 0.043%
  - Prevents scale deposits in the pipe
    - Automotive antifreeze, household cleansers, deicing, and caulk



- Sodium or potassium carbonate 0.011%
  - Improves the effectiveness of other components, such as cross-linkers
    - Washing soda, detergents, soap, water softeners, glass and ceramics
- Sodium Chloride 0.01%
  - Delays break down of the gel polymer chains
    - Table Salt
- Polyacrylamide 0.009%
  - Minimizes friction between fluid and pipe
    - Water treatment, soil conditioner
- Ammonium bisulfite 0.008%
  - Removes oxygen from the water to protect the pipe from corrosion
    - Cosmetics, food and beverage processing, water treatment
- Borate salts 0.007%
  - Maintain fluid viscosity as temperature increases
    - Used in laundry detergents, hand soaps and cosmetics
- Citric Acid 0.004%
  - Prevents precipitation of metal oxides
    - Food additive; food and beverages; lemon juice
- N, n-Dimethyl formamide 0.002%
  - Prevents the corrosion of the pipe
    - Used in pharmaceuticals, acrylic fibers and plastics
- Glutaraldehyde 0.001%
  - Eliminates bacteria in the water
    - Disinfectant; Sterilizer for medical and dental equipment





HYDRAULIC FRACTURING HOW IT WORKS

**GROUNDWATER** PROTECTION

CHEMICAL

REGULATIONS

FIND A WELL BY STATE

FREQUES



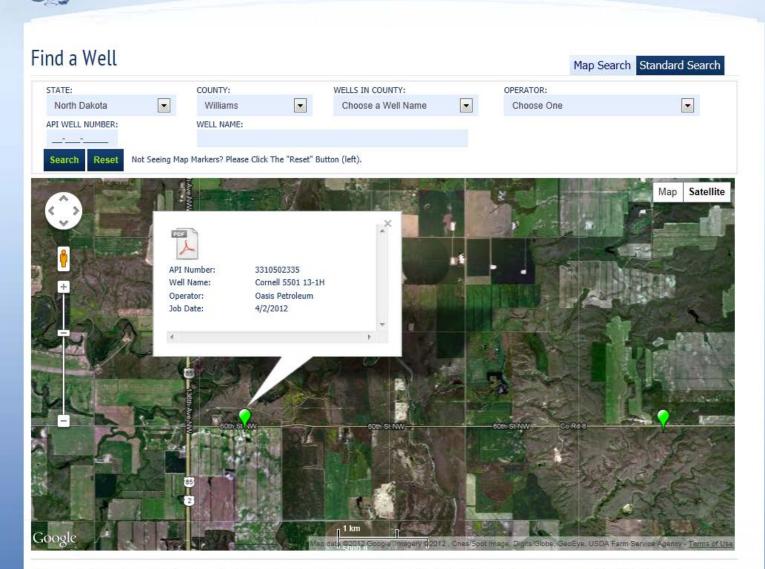


### Find a Well



Nex	t Page							Pag	e 1 of	5 Go
	API No.	Job Date	State	County	Operator	WellName	We <b>ll</b> Type	Latitude	Longitude	Datum
L	33-025-01132	4/13/2011	North Dakota	Dunn	XTO Energy/ExxonMobil	Alwin Federal 12X-19	Oil	47.627564	-102.967017	NAD83
1	33-105-01913	4/18/2011	North Dakota	Williams	XTO Energy/ExxonMobil	Lonnie 31X-3	Oil	48.196639	-102.880264	NAD83
L	33-105-01824	5/14/2011	North Dakota	Williams	XTO Energy/ExxonMobil	Allen 21X-17	Oil	48.254792	-103.058819	NAD83
1	33-105-01825	4/28/2011	North Dakota	Williams	XTO Energy/ExxonMobil	Woodrow 34X-32	Oil	48.198603	-103.053617	NAD83
L	33-053-03113	3/22/2011	North Dakota	Mc Kenzie	XTO Energy/ExxonMobil	101 Federal 21X-24	Oil	47.546178	-104.000694	NAD83
L	33-105-01948	2/26/2011	North Dakota	Williams	XTO Energy/ExxonMobil	Normark 24X-31	Oil	48.460233	-103.008811	NAD83
L	33-105-01899	2/17/2011	North Dakota	Williams	XTO Energy/ExxonMobil	Michael State 31X-16	Oil	48.167464	-103.031950	NAD83
1	33-025-01165	5/9/2011	North Dakota	Dunn	Marathon Oil	Lucky Fleckenstien #34-20H	Oil	47.264306	-102.330608	NAD83
1	33-025-01173	5/3/2011	North Dakota	Dunn	Marathon Oil	Wardner #24-35H	Oil	47.245872	-102.445641	NAD83





#### Hydraulic Fracturing Fluid Product Component Information Disclosure

l .		
Fracture Date	04/02/2012	
State:	North Dakota	
County:	Williams	
API Number:	33-105-02335	
Operator Name:		OASIS PETROLEUM N AMERICA LLC
Well Name and Number:	Cornell 5501 13-1H	
Longitude:	-103.612541	
Latitude:	48.28361	
Long/Lat Projection:	WG\$84	
Production Type:	Oil	
True Vertical Depth (TVD):	9913	
Total Water Volume (gal)*:	3328962	
l otal Water Volume (gal)*:	3328962	

#### Hydraulic Fracturing Fluid Composition:

Trade Name	Supplier	Purpose	Ingredients	Chemical Abstract Service Number (CAS #)	Maximum Ingredient Concentration in Additive (% by mass)**	Maximum Ingredient Concentration in HF Fluid (% by mass)**	Comments
XL-10	Superior Well Services	Cross-linkers	DI water	7732-18-5	Proprietary	Proprietary	
XL-10	Superior Well Services	Cross-linkers	Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	30.00	0.010968	
XL-10	Superior Well Services	Cross-linkers	Glycerine	56-81-5	7.00	0.002559	
XL-10	Superior Well Services	Cross-linkers	Sodium Borate	XXXX-XX-X (Proprietary)	Proprietary	Proprietary	
XL-10	Superior Well Services	Cross-linkers	Sodium Hydroxide	1310-73-2	7.00	0.002559	
WFR-5W	Superior Well Services	Friction Reducer	Anionic Polyacrylamide	Proprietary	Proprietary	Proprietary	
WFR-5W	Superior Well Services	Friction Reducer	Ethoxylated alcohol blend	Proprietary	5.00	0.001218	
WFR-5W	Superior Well Services	Friction Reducer	Hydrotreated paraffinic solvent	64742-47-8	30.00	0.007308	
WFR-5W	Superior Well Services	Friction Reducer	Proprietary	Proprietary	Proprietary	Proprietary	
WFR-5W	Superior Well Services	Friction Reducer	Proprietary	Proprietary	Proprietary	Proprietary	
OB Breaker	Superior Well Services	Gel Breakers	Ammonium Persulfate	7727-54-0	100.00	0.000210	
OB-2	Superior Well Services	Gel Breakers	Ammonium Persulfate	7727-54-0	100.00	0.002641	
OB-2	Superior Well Services	Gel Breakers	Sillica, crystalline quartz	7631-86-9	10.00	0.000264	
LSG-100	Superior Well Services	Gelling Agents	guar gum	9000-30-0	50.00	0.092391	
LSG-100	Superior Well Services	Gelling Agents	Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	60.00	0.110870	
LSG-100	Superior Well	Gelling Agents	Surfactant	68439-51-0	2.00	0.003696	

# BAKKEN BASICS: WHAT COULD CHANGE?





The future looks promising for sustained Bakken/Three Forks development



Draft BLM Hydraulic
Fracturing rule could
double federal drilling
permit approval time or
worse. Comments due
in September

Draft EPA guidance on diesel fuel in hydraulic fracturing could triple drilling permit approval time or worse.

Comments due 7/9/12



World and U.S. economies continue to struggle. If China joins the downward spiral oil price could fall enough to make some areas uneconomic

### **QUESTIONS?**

- Alison Ritter
- Department of Mineral Resources
  - Public Information Officer

amritter@nd.gov

701-328-8036