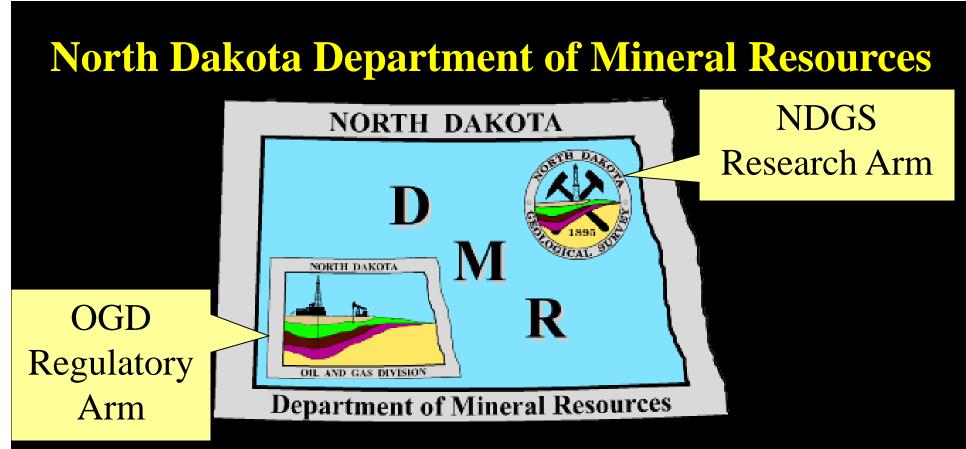
OIL & GAS ACTIVITY UPDATE

American Legislative Exchange Council Spring Task Force Summit Oklahoma City, OK – May 3, 2013





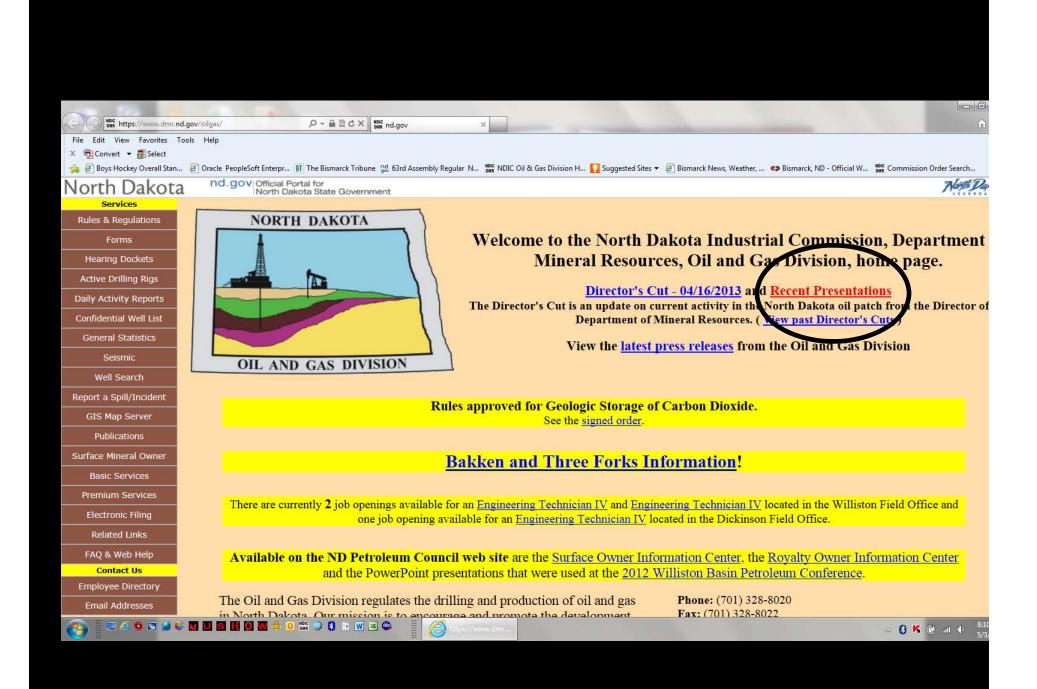
https://www.dmr.nd.gov/oilgas/ https://www.dmr.nd.gov/ndgs/

600 East Boulevard Ave. - Dept 405 **Bismarck, ND 58505-0840** $(701) 328-8020 \quad (701) 328-8000$

North Dakota Development

- Regulation
- Resource Play
- Uniform Spacing—orderly development
- Multi-well locations—small footprint
- Corridors—industry and residents
- Water Needs—surface waters
- Bakken Results

Bruce E. Hicks Assistant Director NDIC-DMR-OGD Bismarck, ND



Three-Dimensional Geologic Model of the Parshall Area

Uranium/Coal Shallow Gas Frac Proppant Geothermal Base Freshwater

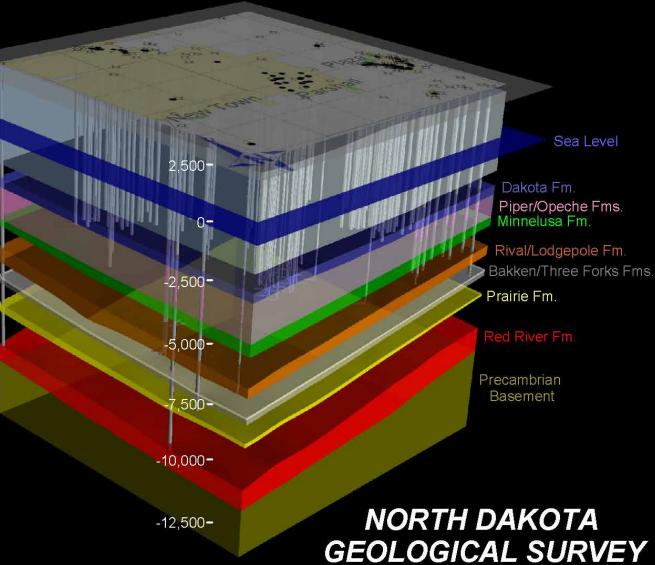
> Salt-Water Disposal Salts/Air Storage CO₂Sequestration

> > Oil & Gas Oil & Gas

> > > Potash

Deep Gas

1895 IS



-15,000-

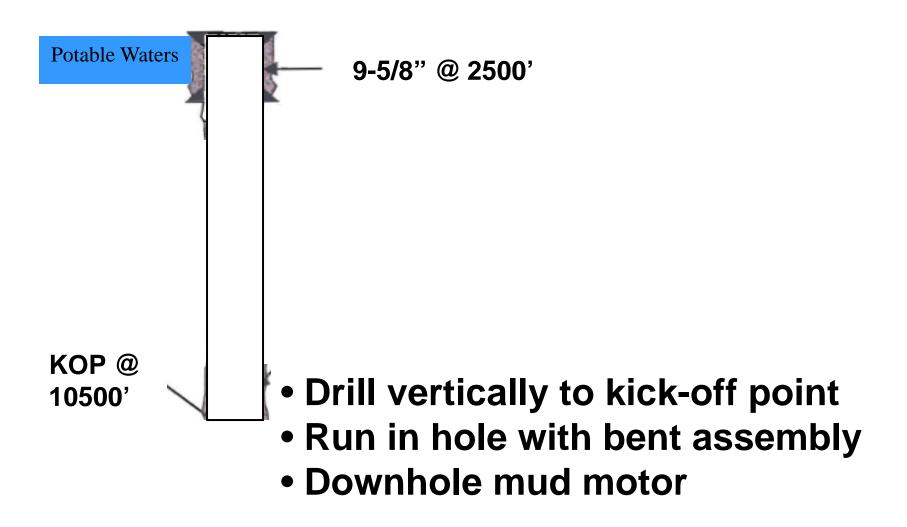
North Dakota Development

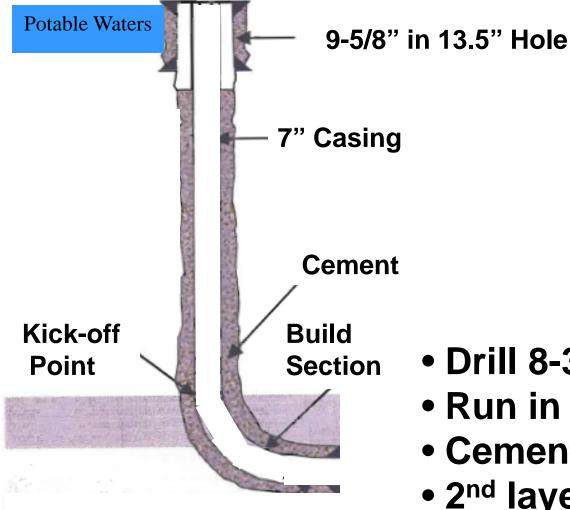
Regulation

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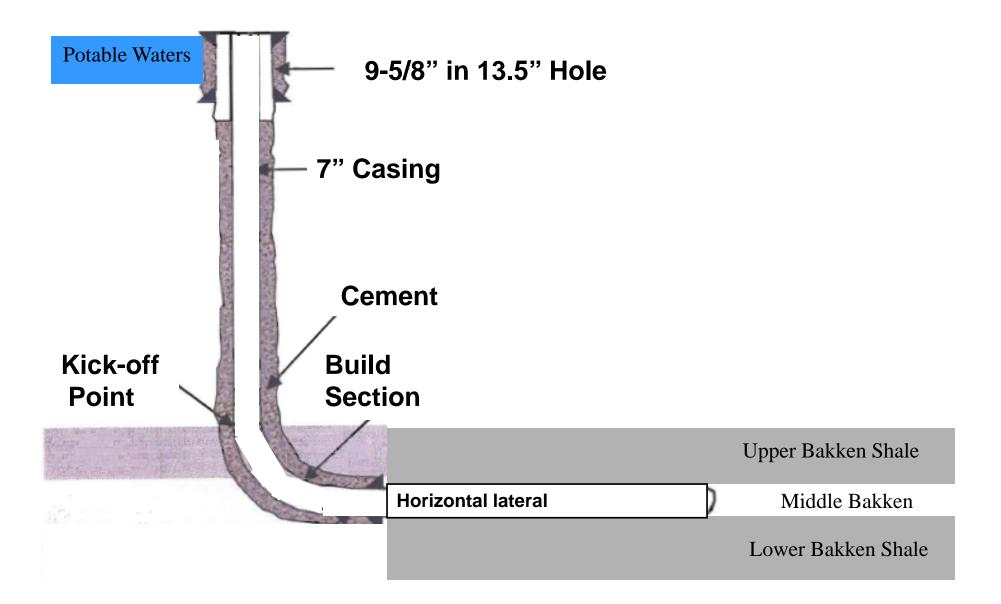


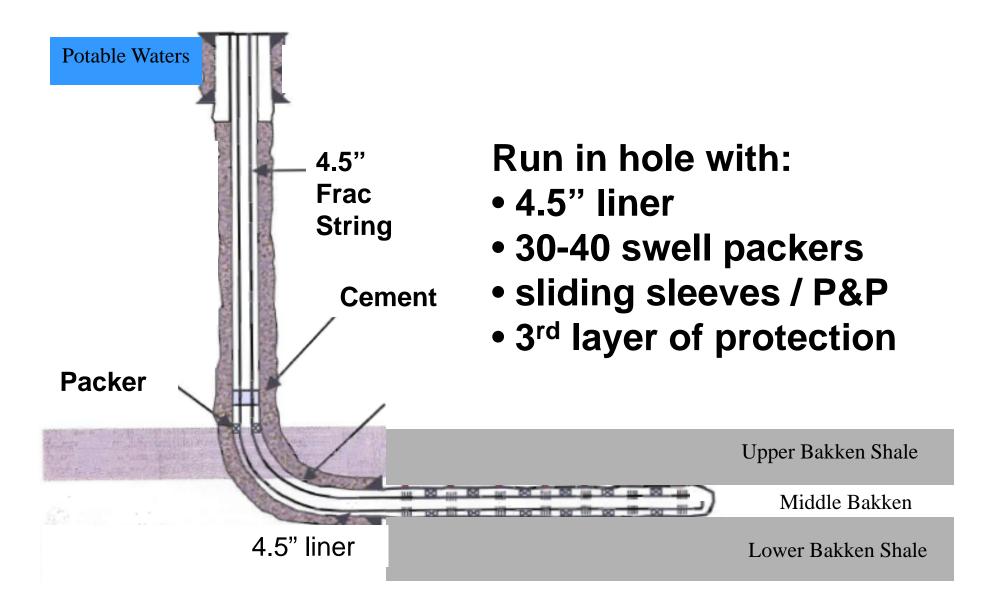
- Drill with fresh water
- Total depth below lowest potable water
- Run in hole with surface casing
- Cement casing back to surface of ground
- 1st layer of surface water protection

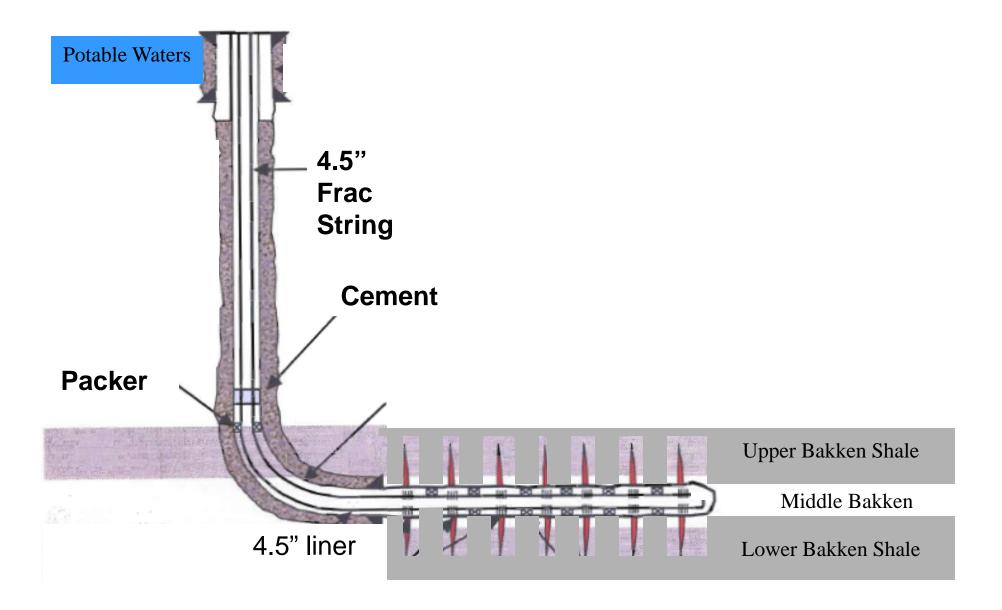


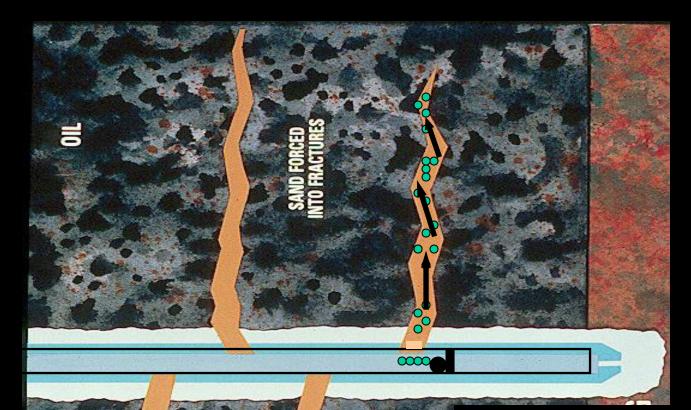


- Drill 8-3/4" hole to pay
- Run in hole with 7" casing
- Cement 7" casing
- 2nd layer of protection



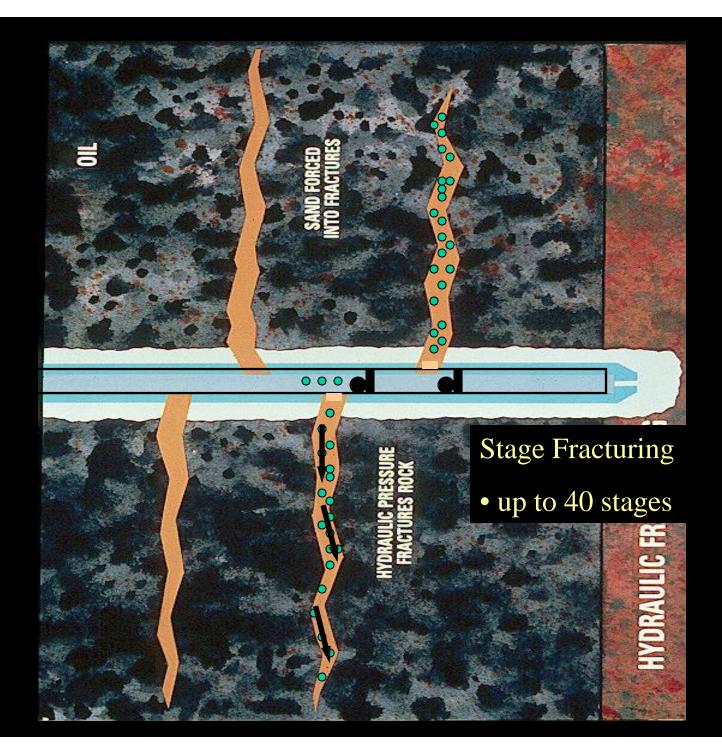


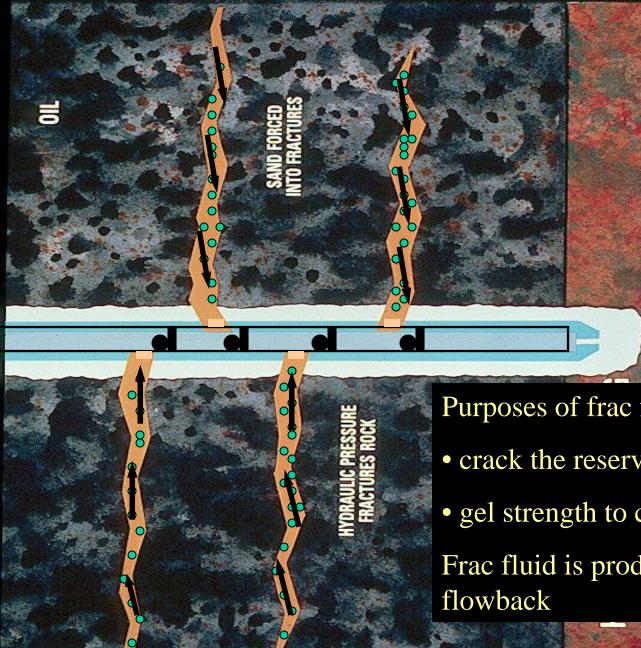




Thousands of fractures are created

- pumping water at 6,000-9,000 psi
- millions of pounds of sand and ceramic beads are pumped with the water to hold the fractures open.





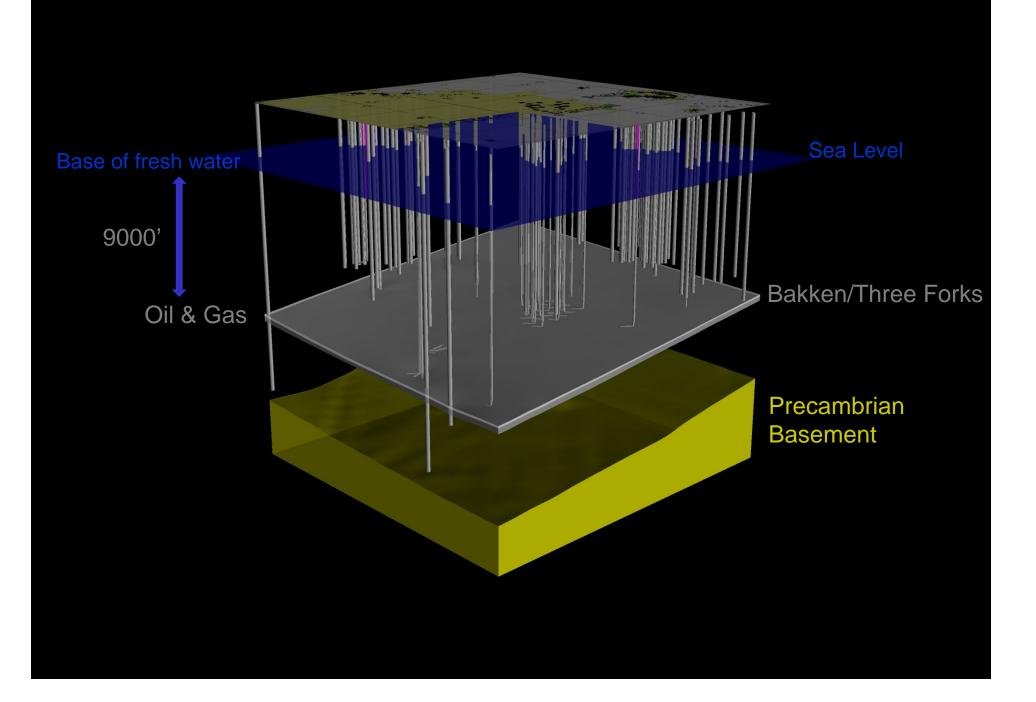
Purposes of frac fluid

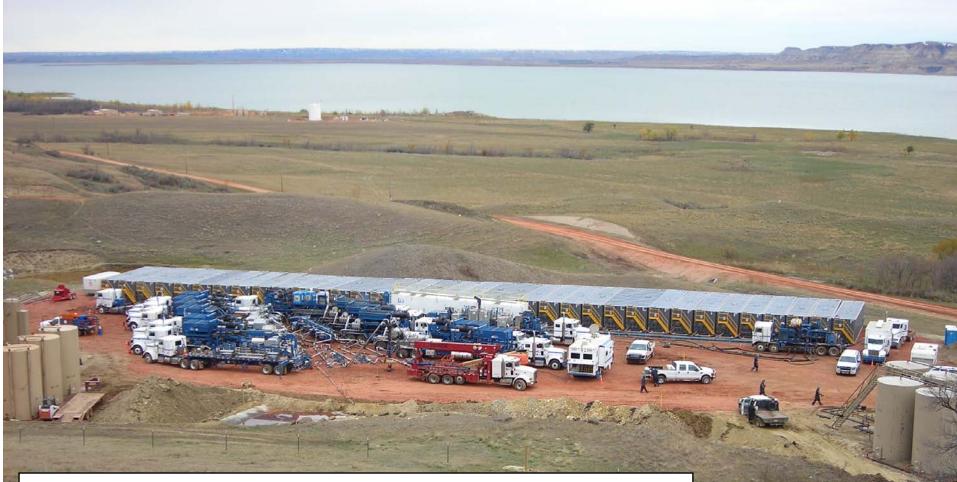
- crack the reservoir
- gel strength to carry sand

Frac fluid is produced back as

Hydraulic Fracturing: Mixture of water, sand and chemicals pressurized and pumped into the well to form microscopic fractures in shale.







Performing hydraulic fracture stimulation south of Tioga

- all Bakken wells must be hydraulically fractured to produce
- > 2 million gallons of water
- > 3 million pounds of sand
- cost: \$2-3 million

WHY FRAC THE ROCK?

- already developed easy oil
 oil flows easily without fracking
- Unconventional Reserves
 - reservoirs are tight
 - look at sample
 - uneconomic to produce w/o fracing
 - must create a path for oil to flow

Industrial Commission Regulation

- Hydraulic fracturing regulation
 NDAC Section 43-02-03-27.1
 - https://www.dmr.nd.gov/oilgas/
 - sur csg open + diversion line to pit/vessel
 - relief valve on treating lines w/ck valves
 - remote operated frac valve on treat lines
 - if sur csg press > 350 psi notify NDIC
 - 60 days post FracFocus chem registry

• Frac down 4-1/2" frac string sting into liner or set pkr below Kd • press and monitor 4-1/2" X 7" ann press relief valve on treating lines • set </= 85% of yield press • press relief valve on 4-1/2" X 7" ann set </= 85% of weakest 7" yield diversion line run to pit or vessel

Frac down 7" csg string

- max treating press 85% of csg rating
- csg eval tool to verify wall thickness
- inspect + photo of top 7" csg jt
 - reduce treating press if warranted
- cmt eval tool to confirm cmt
 - run frac string if defective cmt
- press test 7" and wellhead
- if wellhead press rating < frac design
 - use wellhead protection system

States have been regulating the full life cycle of hydraulic fracturing for decades

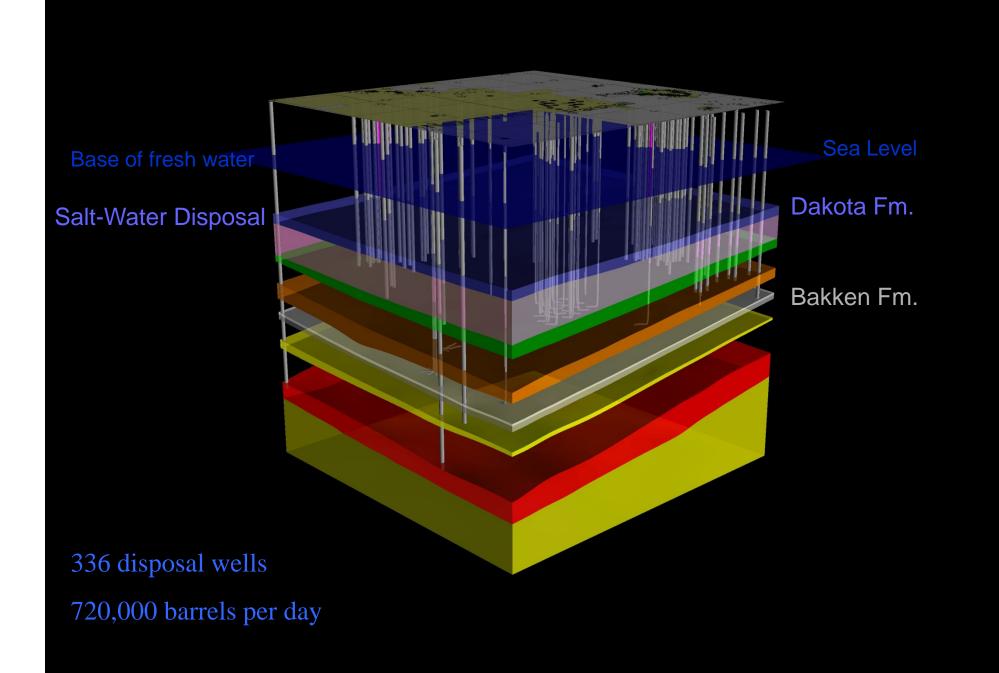
- Water Appropriation Regulation
- Oil & Gas Regulation
- Health Department Regulation
- Geologic setting in each basin different

Hydraulic Fracturing Stimulation is Safe

• IOGCC survey—no contamination
• GWPC study verifies State's regs
• GWPC National Registry f/chemicals

Industrial Commission Regulation

Water flowback after frac
Storage in open pits prohibited
Disposal wells permitted through Underground Injection Program
Disposal zone is 2,500 feet below potable waters



Rules and Legislation

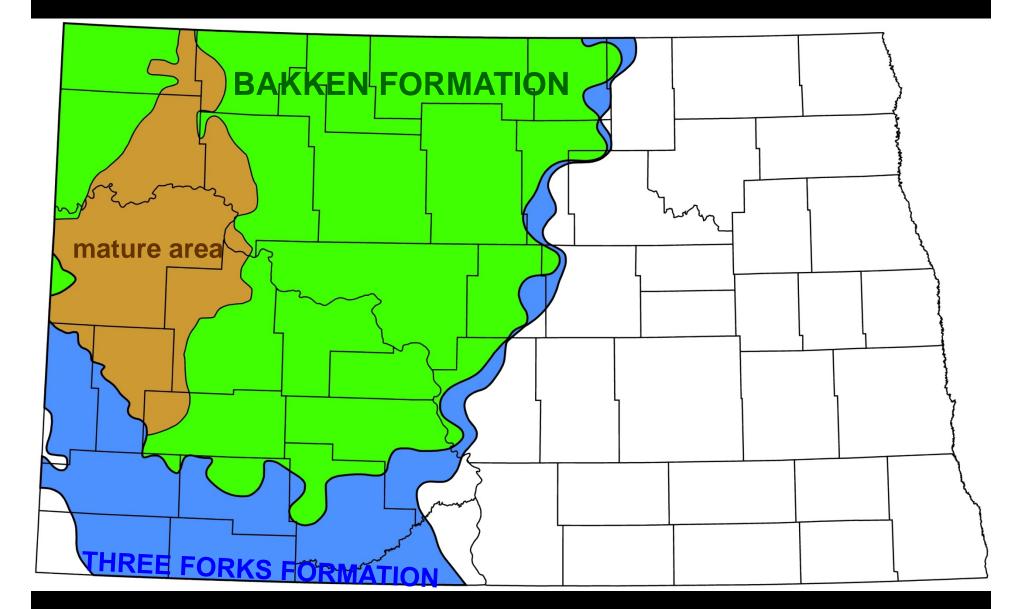
prohibit reserve pits
allow cuttings pit only
implement strong HF rules

• 63rd Legislative Session—ends today ③
• HB 1333—GIS pipelines
• HB 1234—reduce O&G taxes—failed?

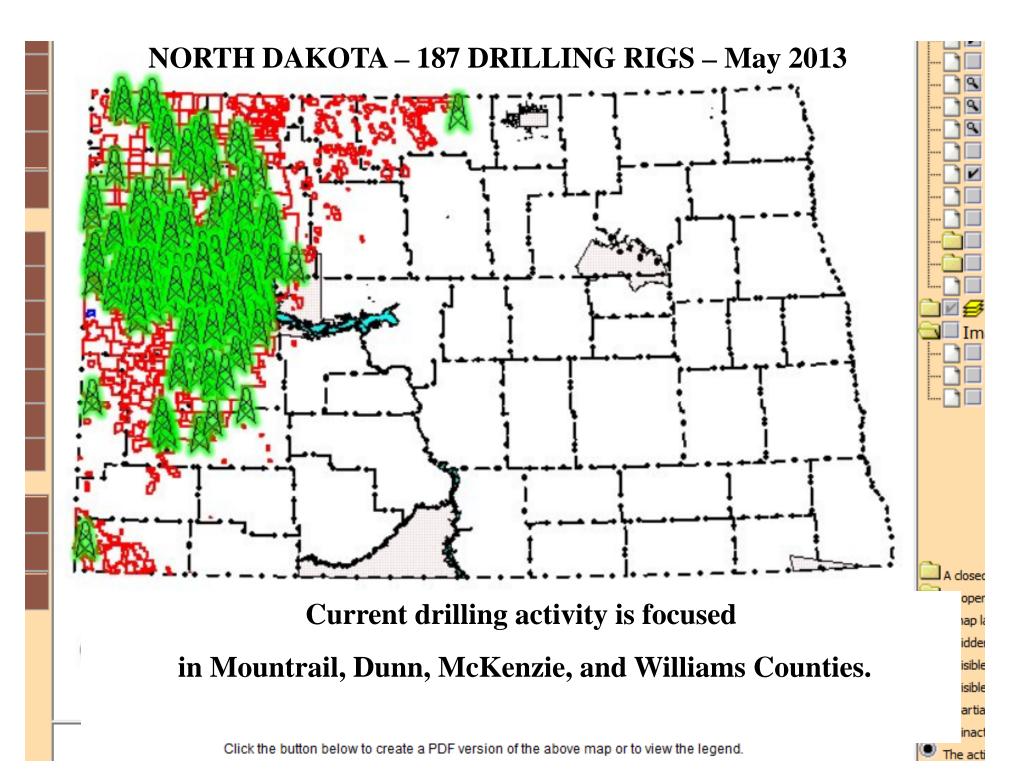
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ESTIMATED MATURE AREA OF THE BAKKEN FORMATION

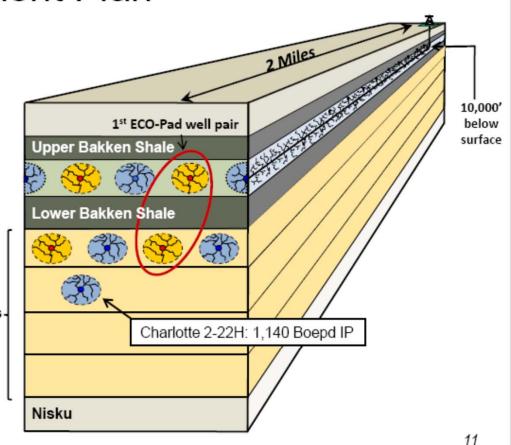


(Nordeng, 2010)



Bakken Development Plan

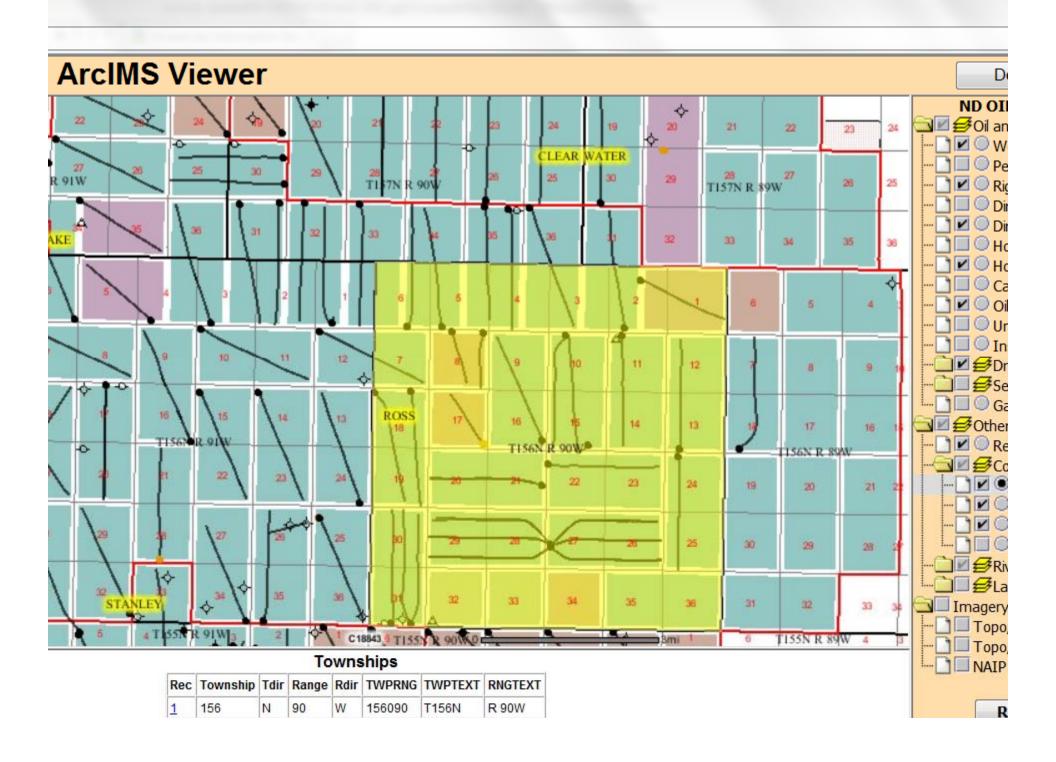
- Original dual-zone development plan
 - 8 wells per 1,280 acres – 4 MB, 4TF
 - 603,000 Boe EUR per well (avg. 24.5 stages/completion)
 - ECO-Pad[®] design: 2 wells south, 2 wells north Three Forks
- Additional Three Forks potential

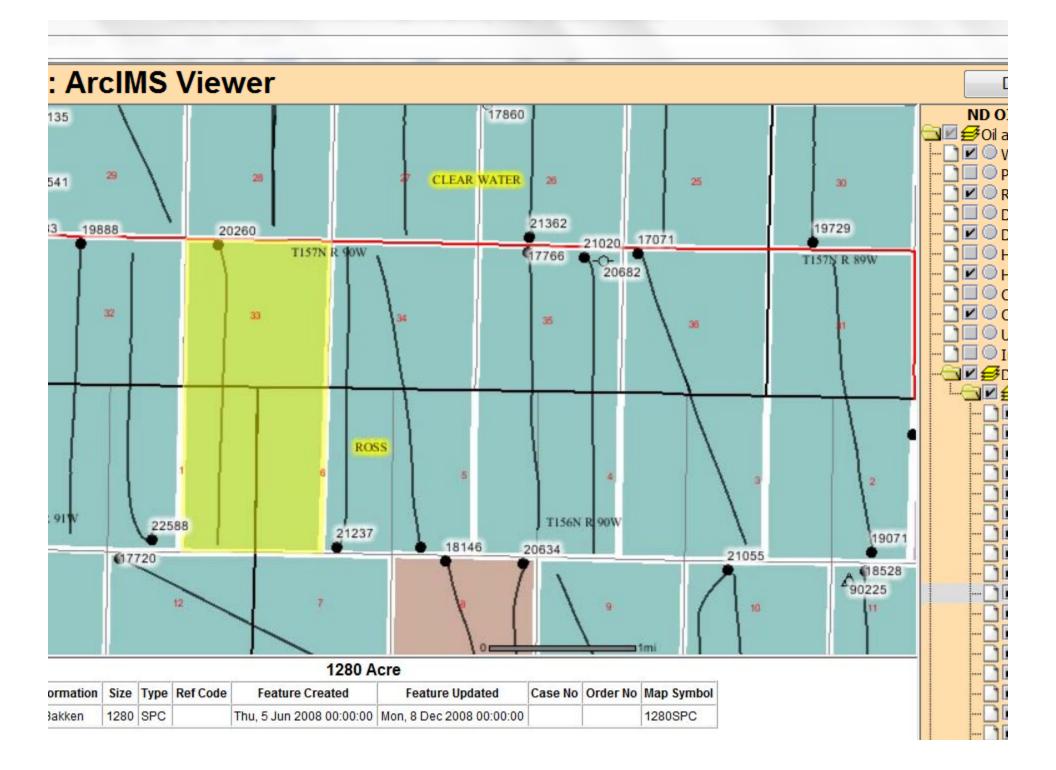


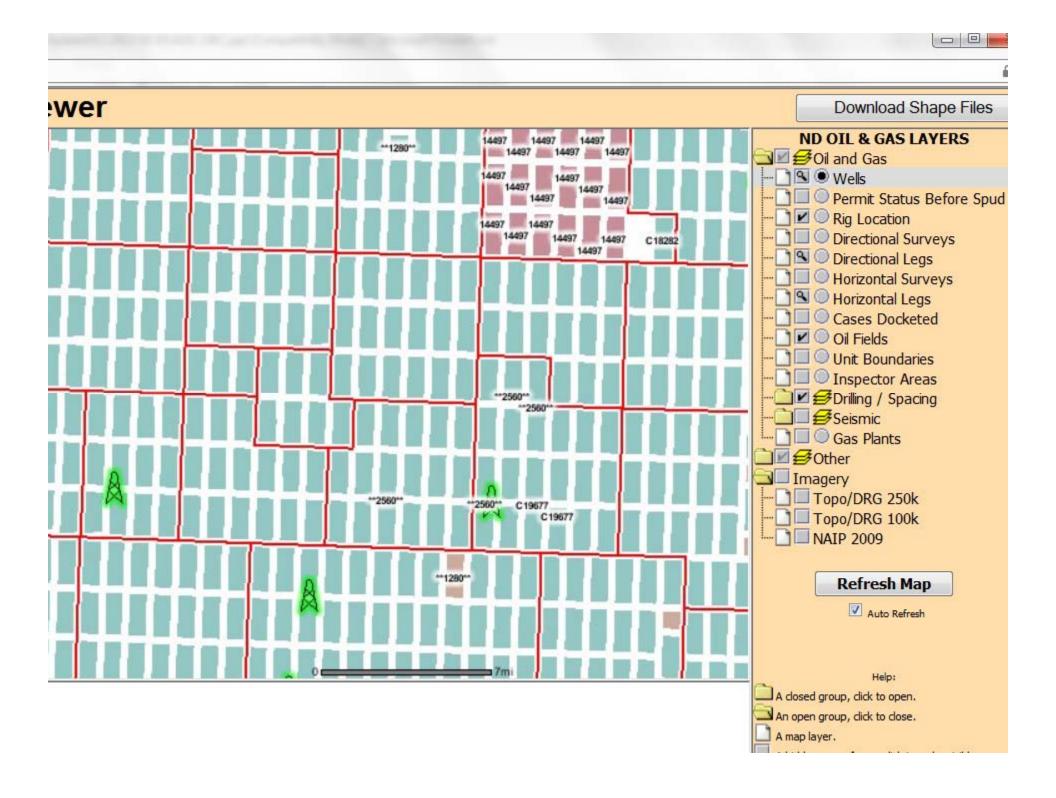


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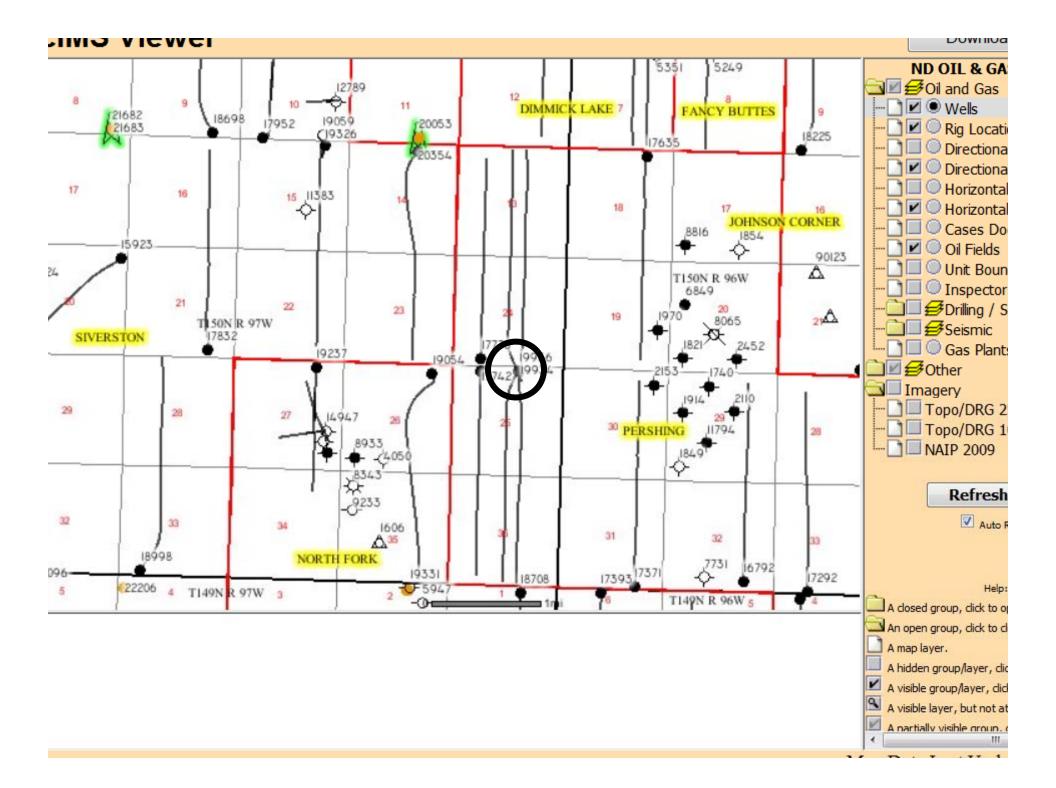






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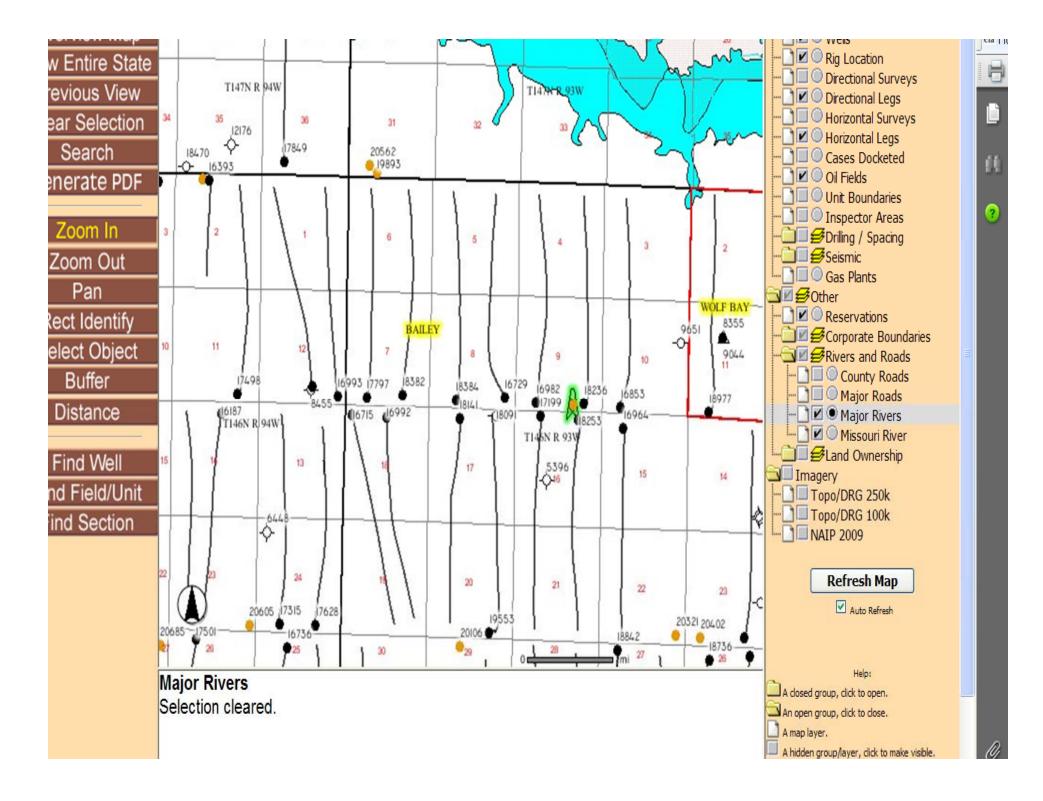
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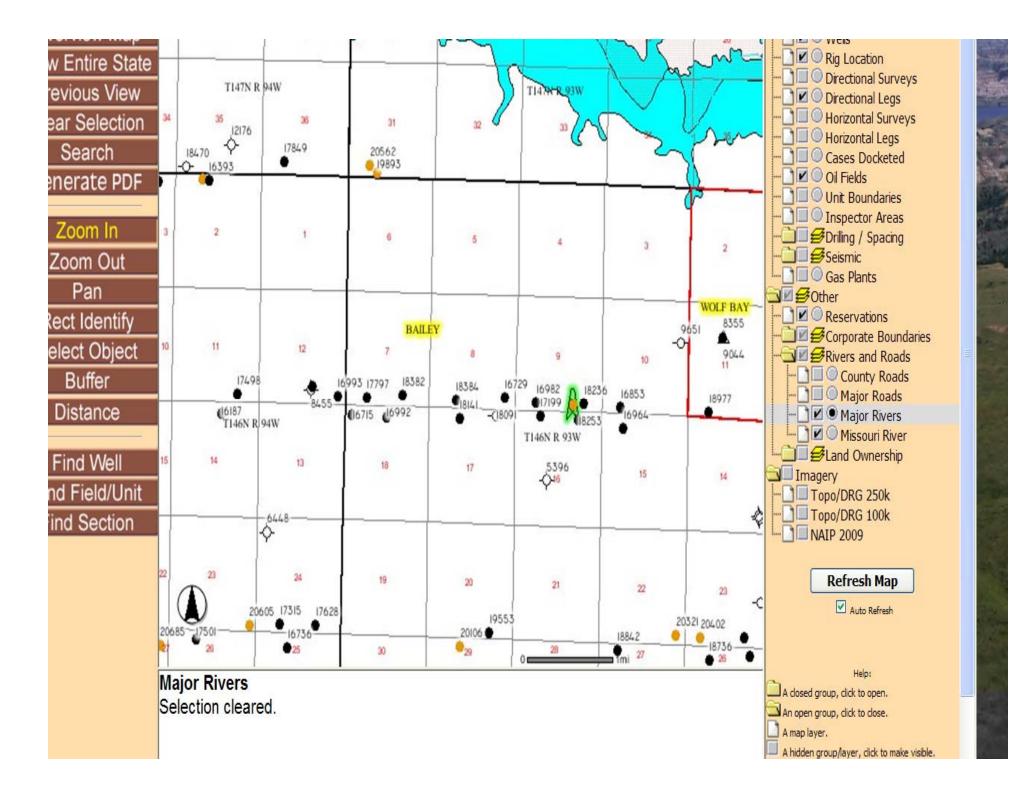
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Small Footprint

- Developed 13,000 acres
- 14 wells
- rough topography
- LMR Confluence

Vern Whitten Photography





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Thirsty Horizontal Wells

2,000 wells / year
15-25 years duration
20 million gallons water / day

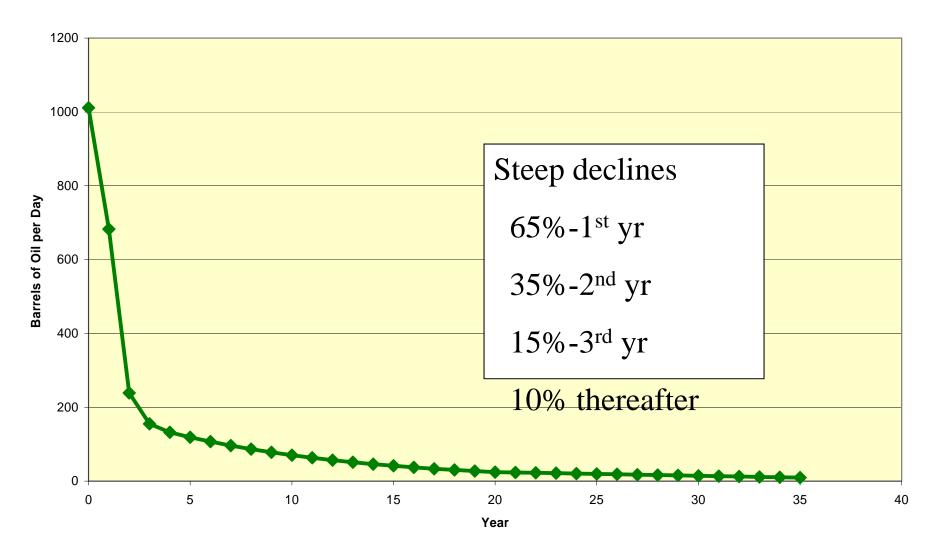
Commission supports surface water use

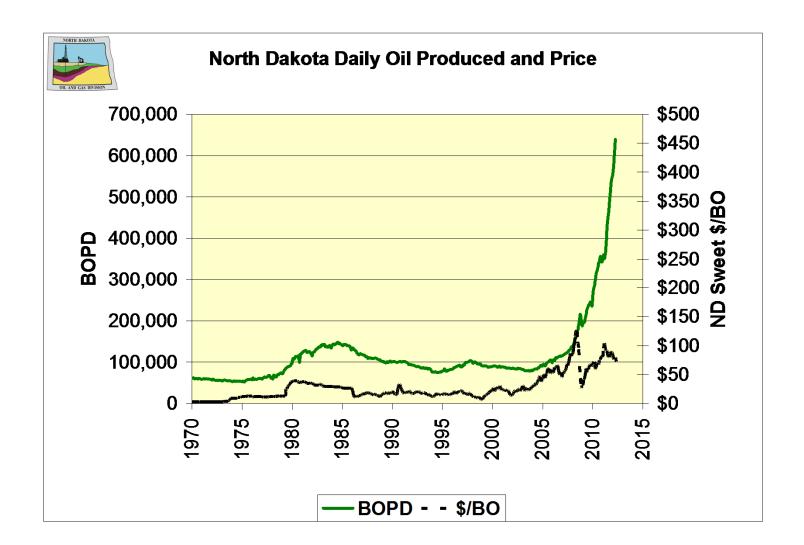
Lake Sakakawea best water resource
one inch contains 10 billion gal water
5000 wells @ 2mil gal wtr/well
2-year supply

North Dakota Development

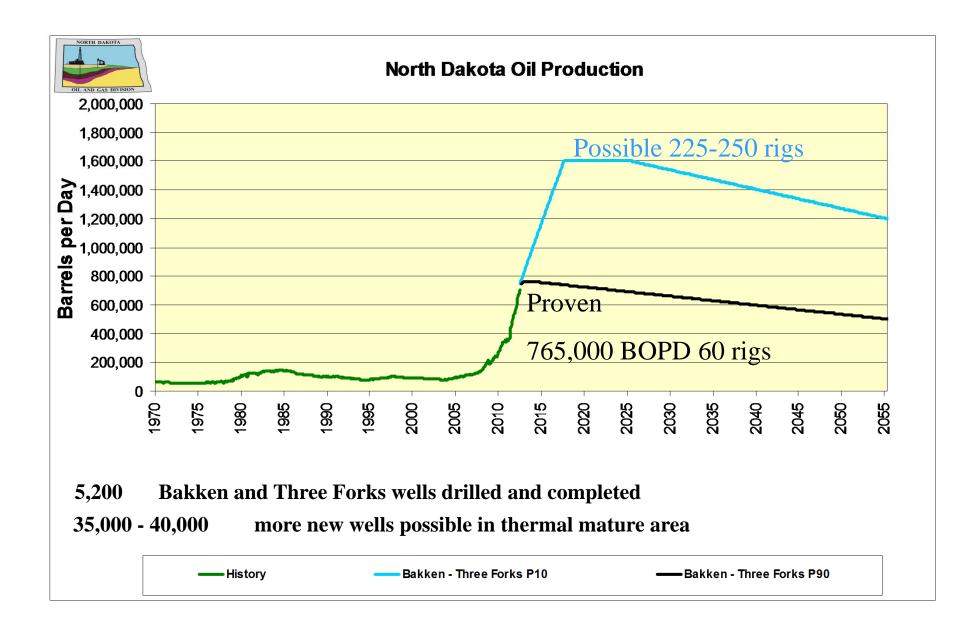
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Typical Bakken Well Production





Production 780,000 bopd (appr 716,971 from Bakken—92%)



Typical 2012 Bakken well

- 45-year well life
- 615,000 barrels of oil
- \$9 million to drill and complete
- \$20 million net profit
- \$4 million in taxes
- \$7 million in royalties
- \$2 million in wages
- \$2 million in operating expenses

Reclaimed Location

File No. 15092 Armstrong #1-5 Hanson Sec 5-T155N-R102W Williams County, ND