

Surface Geology

Thompson Quadrangle, North Dakota

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2025

EXPLANATION

ANTHROPOCENE

Af FILL DEPOSITS

Cut and fill materials consisting dominantly of silts, clays, and sands from adjacent nearsurface formations shaped or placed by artificial means. Found along drainage improvement embankments, highway overpass ramps, wastewater ponds, and recontoured recreation areas.

QUATERNARY PERIOD

HOLOCENE EPOCH

Hal ALLUVIUM

Brown-gray, bedded to massive, sands, silts, gravels, and clays deposited as reworked and fluvial deposits along Elm Coulee, Cole Creek, and the Red River.

Hln GLACIOLACUSTRINE NEARSHORE SEDIMENT

Silt, sand, and gravel; moderately to well-sorted; planar to cross-bedded; deposited on the shoreline of glacial Lake Agassiz, ranging in thickness from 0 to 15 feet (4.6 meters). Shallow-water deposits on Ojata age beaches (~10,500 ybp). Sand and gravel may occur in washed beach ridges along with spits, and sand bars.

SHERACK FORMATION

Hs GLACIOLACUSTRINE OFFSHORE SEDIMENT

Yellow-gray, laminated to obscurely bedded, silt, clay, and silty-clay, cohesive. Ranges in thickness between 28 - 44 feet (8.5 - 13.4 meters) within the quadrangle. Glaciolacustrine sediments deposited in offshore environments of glacial Lake Agassiz.

Beach Ridges

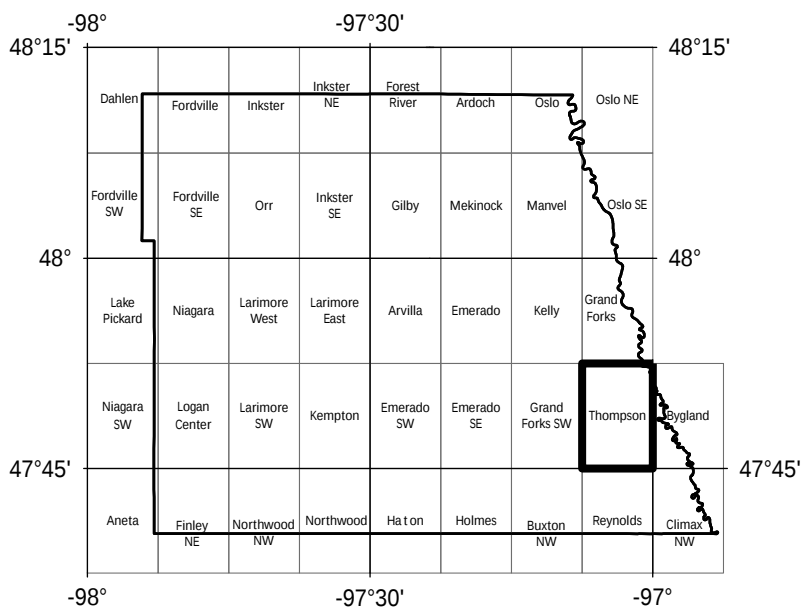
Established from LiDAR maps; line indicates the crest of the ridge or high-water line; interpreted to be a beach ridge along the lake margin or high-water level; discernable on LiDAR maps and aerial imagery.

Ice-drag marks

Established from aerial photographs and LiDAR. Low linear ridges and shallow grooves made by glacial icebergs or floating lake ice in contact with the lake bottom.

Geologic Symbols

Geologic contact (Known)

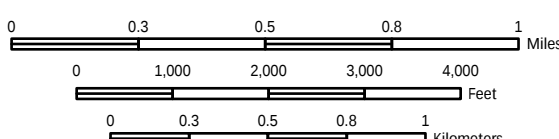


Index to 1:24,000 Quadrangles, Grand Forks County

CORRELATION OF MAP UNITS

Geochronology	Fluvial		Epoch	Period	Era
	Offshore	Nearshore	Channel & Overbank		
Holocene			Hal	Quaternary	Cenozoic
Pleistocene	Hs	Hln			

Scale 1:24,000



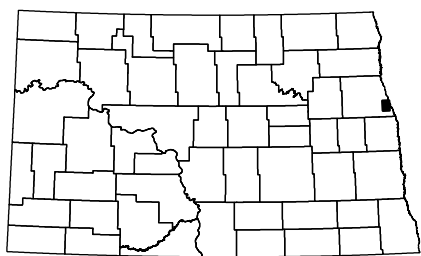
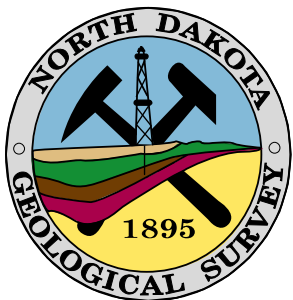
Lambert Conformal Conic Projection
North American 1983 Datum
USGS 7.5 Minute Topo Map
Standard Parallels 47°45'0"N, 47°52'30"N

LiDAR Data Originator:
International Water Institute, 2010.
Red River Basin Mapping Initiative, 2010-2015.
NRCS Biomass and ND State Water Commission, 2020.
James River Basin LiDAR Q12.

2°58' MN

2019 Magnetic North
Declination at Center of Sheet

Cartographic Compilation: Navin Thapa



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