## LiDAR Judson Quadrangle, North Dakota

STIEL W 101°15'0" CROW 101°22'30 R 85 W R 84 46°52'30

North Dakota Geological Survey

24K: Jdsn- lid

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## **EXPLANATION**

Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) is a remote sensing tool used to gain detailed observations of the earth's surface. LiDAR is collected by a nearinfrared laser pulsing at the earth's surface in order to measure the distance and deduce an elevation value. The resulting data consists of x-value (latitude), y-value (longitude), and a z-value (elevation), allowing the location and elevation to be known for a given point. On this map, these points are typically collected with a spacing of approximately 1-meter and then assembled into separate tiles. These tiles are then assembled and mosaicked into a larger area (such as a 1:24,000 quadrangle) as a digital elevation model (DEM). The DEM of this dataset is represented as a raster to reveal surface expression and topographic relief of earth's surface.

The Geological Survey assembled this map using LiDAR data published in 2014. LiDAR data was available in ASCII formatted tiles from the North Dakota State Water Commission website. These tiles were imported into ArcGIS and mosaicked to one another using raster features within ArcMAP, and clipped to fit with this 24k quadrangle. For more details on how the North Dakota Geological Survey LiDAR Maps were constructed, please contact Chris Maike at camaike@nd.gov.

