

Lignite Reserves

Dunn Center NE Quadrangle, North Dakota

Edward C. Murphy

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The Dunn Center coal deposit underlies approximately 28,000 acres in central Dunn County. In addition to the Dunn Center NE quad, the deposit extends into Werner, Dunn Center NW, Lake Ilo, and Dunn Center. The Dunn Center bed is 10 to 21 feet thick in this area. A five to ten foot coal is generally present 20 to 50 feet above the Dunn Center bed. Coal thicknesses presented on the map are often cumulative thicknesses of these two mineable beds. The Dunn Center deposit contains approximately 900 million tons of mineable coal. Glacial meltwater flowed through this area tens of thousands of years ago removing these coals and creating valleys now occupied by Spring and Slow creeks as well as Boe and Moffet sloughs.

In 1975, the Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America (NGPCA) drilled over 1,800 test holes in and around the Dunn Center deposit to determine the feasibility of establishing a gasification plant in the area. NGPCA abandoned the project when gas prices failed to rise to projected levels in the early 1980s. The Nokota Company took over the project and still holds some coal leases in the area.

UNIT DESCRIPTIONS

 **Geology Undifferentiated**

 **Economic Coal Deposits**

Economic coal deposits are those that meet the minimum criteria established by coal companies operating surface mines in North Dakota. These economic criteria include a minimum cumulative coal thickness of ten feet-typically occurring in less than two beds, a minimum individual bed thickness of at least 2.5 feet, a ratio of overburden to coal thickness of not more than 10:1, a minimum of 25 feet of overburden, and a maximum depth to coal of approximately 150 feet.

Geologic Symbols

 Extent of Local Lignite Reserves

 **Data Points**
Includes Coal Exploration NDGS/USGS drill holes, Sub-surface Mineral drill holes, Oil & Gas drill holes, and NDSWC drill holes.

 **Drill Hole Numbers**

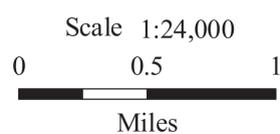
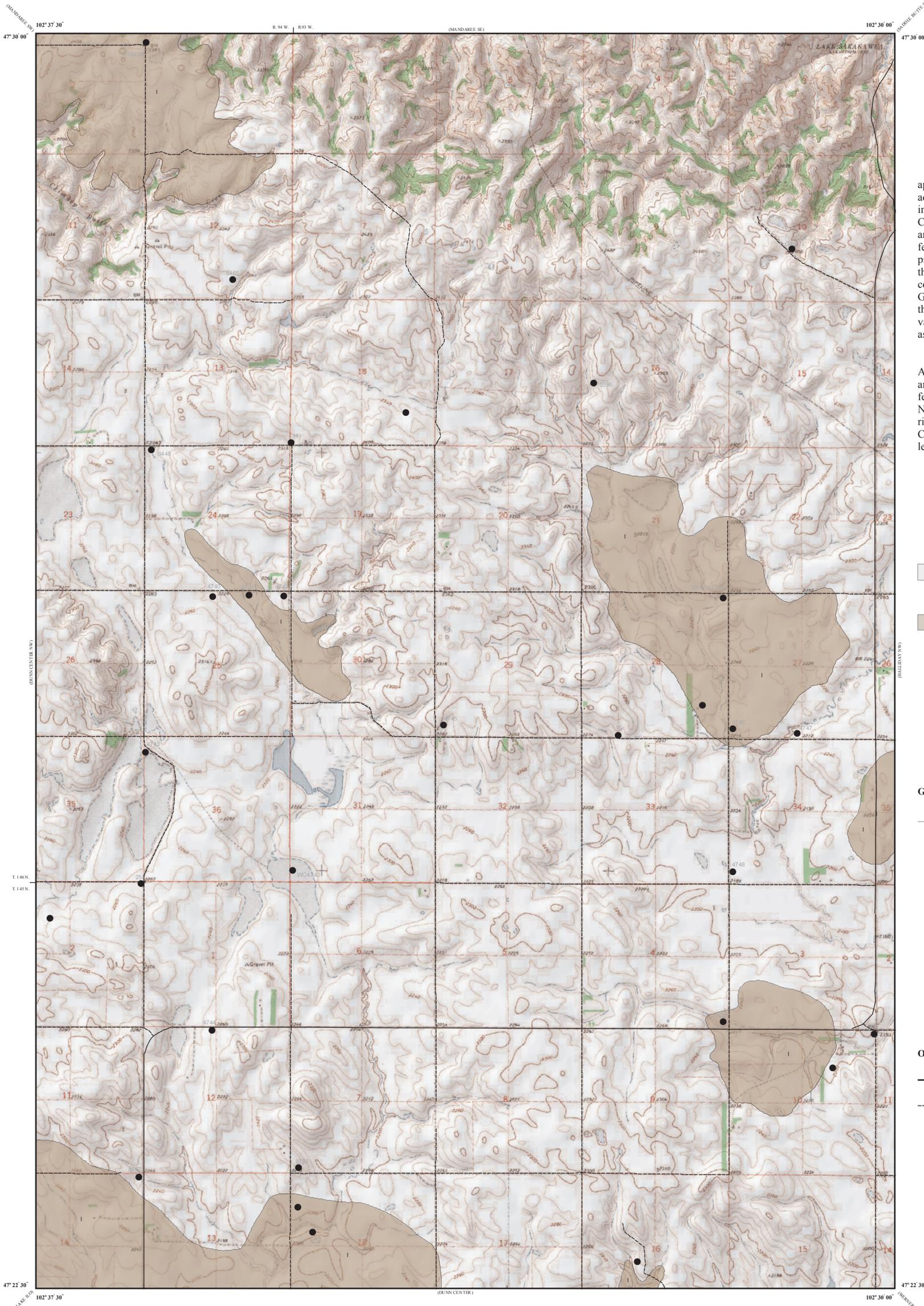
 **Thickness (in feet) of Mineable Lignite**
Thickness in () signifies two beds of coal.

Coal thicknesses were determined by interpretation of electric logs from individual drill holes. Gamma and density logs were typically available for coal exploration holes but, oil wells were often limited to a gamma log run through surface casing.

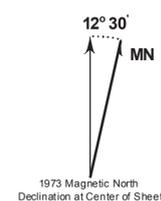
Other Features

 Paved Road

 Unpaved Road



Lambert Conformal Conic Projection
1927 North American Datum
Standard Parallels 47° 22' 30" and 47° 30' 00"



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