### NORTH DAKOTA STRATIGRAPHIC COLUMN

S	TF	RA	ATIG	R	APHI	C COI	LUMN
YEARS	HEM	SY	STEM	NCE	R	ROCK UNI	$\mathbf{T}$
AGE MILLIONS OF YEARS BEFORE PRESENT	ERATHEN		SERIES	SEQUENCE	GROUP	FORMATION	MEMBER
-0.01-	F	2	Holocene			ОАНЕ	RIVERDALE PICK CITY AGGIE BROWN MALLARD ISLAND
2.6 5.3 23.0 33.9	CENOZOIC	QUATERNARY	Pleistocene	TEJAS	COLEHARBOR	WEST CENTRAL   EAST	ERN   RED RIVER VALLEY   SHERACK   POPLAR RIVER   BRENNA   FALCONER HUOT   ARGUSVILLE
		'nð				SNOW SCHOOL DAHLEN GARDAR HORSESHOE VALLEY MEDICINE HILL CAMP GR CANDO	S FERRY ST. HILAIRE MARCOUX
		NEOGENE	Pliocene			(Unnamed Unit)  ARIKAREE	
		Z	Oligocene		WHITE RIVER	BRULE CHADRON	SOUTH HEART
			Eocene			GOLDEN VALLEY	CHALKY BUTTES  CAMELS BUTTE
33.0		TERTIARY	Paleocene		FORT UNION	SENTINEL BUTTE	BEAR DEN
		TERT				BULLION CREEK	
						SLOPE	
						CANNONBALL	
-65.5-				Upper	MONTANA	HELL CREEK	
			Upper			FOX HILLS	BREIEN  COLGATE ≷ LINTON  BULLHEAD  TIMBER LAKE
							TRAIL CITY  ODANAH
						PIERRE	DEGREY
		s					GREGORY
		CRETACEOUS					PEMBINA
	0	CRI			COLORADO	NIOBRARA	G.M.M.O.V
	MESOZOIC					CARLILE GREENHORN	
- 99.6 -						BELLE FOURCHE	
					DAKOTA	MOWRY  NEWCASTLE	
			Lower		DAROTA	SKULL CREEK INYAN KARA	
-145.5-						CHAIDA	
		JURASSIC				SWIFT	
						PIPER	BOWES FIREMOON TAMPICO KLINE
- 201.6 -				~~	~~~~	~~~~	PICARD POE DUNHAM
- 251.0 -			TRIASSIC			SPEARFISH	SAUDE PINE BELFIELD
		PERMIAN		ABSAROKA		MINNEKAHTA OPECHE	
						BROOM CREEK	
- 299.0 -			PENNSYLVANIAN		MINNELUSA	AMSDEN	ALASKA BENCH
-318-		CARBONIFEROUS		<b>~</b>	~~~~	TYLER	~~~~
					BIG SNOWY	KIBBEY	
						CHARLES	
		CARBON	MISSISSIPPIAN				
				A	MADISON	MISSION CANYON	
<b>–</b> 359 <b>–</b>				KASKASKIA		LODGEPOLE BAKKEN	
- 339 -	ZOIC					THREE FORKS BIRDBEAR	
	PALEOZOIC	DEVONIAN			JEFFERSON	DUPEROW	
	$\mathbf{P}_{\ell}$				MANITOBA	SOURIS RIVER DAWSON BAY	
						PRAIRIE	MOUNTRAIL BELLE PLAINE ESTERHAZY
					ELK POINT	WINNIPEGOSIS	
-416-		SILURIAN		TIPPECANOE		ASHERN	~~~~~
						INTERLAKE	
- 444 -		ORDOVICIAN				STONEWALL	
					BIG HORN	STONY MOUNTAIN	GUNTON STOUGHTON
						RED RIVER	
					WINNIPEG	ROUGHLOCK ICEBOX BLACK ISLAND	
				$\sim$	~~~~	~~~~~	~~~~
				Ä			
-488-		0	AMBRIAN.	SAUK		DEADWOOD	
488 542			AMBRIAN CCAMBRIAN	SAUK	ST WYOMING	DEADWOOD  CRUCTURAL PROVIN  TRANS-HUDSON	CES SUPERIOR

North Dakota Geological Survey Geologic Investigations No. 230



### DEADWOOD WINNIPEG SUMMARY DRILL STEM TESTS AND PRODUCTION MAPPING

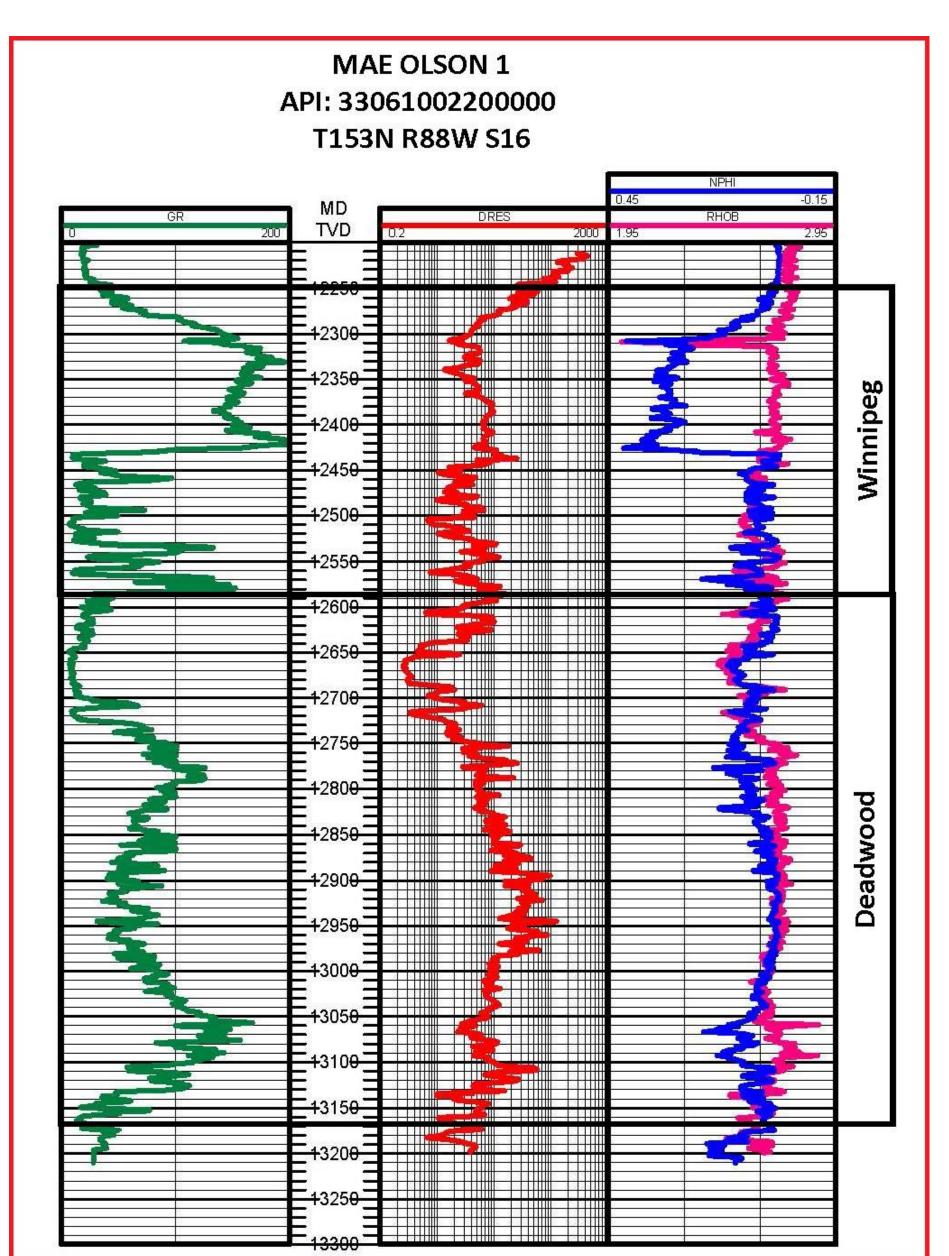
Travis D. Stolldorf 2020

In order to better facilitate petroleum exploration and development in the Williston Basin, the North Dakota Geological Survey (NDGS) has published a series of production-related maps and corresponding data sets. These maps sets include production and drill stem test (DST) results with an accompanying spreadsheet for easy data extraction. The primary goal of this project is to create a database showing the distribution of hydrocarbons within each productive unit.

Prior to this project, over 55% of the DST results in the state did not have an associated geologic interval. The NDGS utilized a series of filters in Petra and Excel to unite formation tops with DST results. Now over 95% of DST results are associated with a geologic interval. After removing failed (misrun) DSTs, the remaining DST results were then separated into three groups. The first group (Positive DSTa) contains wells that have recovered oil or gas (in either the drill pipe or the sampler), or those that list oil or gas as the primary component of the fluid/gas mixture (e.g. 10' mud cut oil) in the description. Secondly, Positive DSTb wells display results for oil or gas as the secondary component of the fluid/gas mixture (e.g. 50' gas cut mud). Although Positive DSTb wells do show signs of hydrocarbons, the hydrocarbon signal is considered weaker than those in the Positive DSTa group. Lastly, the Negative DST results have no indication of hydrocarbons. Detailed information for each DST (time-pressure data, interval depths, fluid and gas recovery information) can be accessed through the well file database maintained by the North Dakota Industrial Commission (NDIC) Oil and Gas Division.

Production for each well was determined using the NDIC's Production Pools and associated monthly production totals. The production pools utilized are shown on the Production Map for each interval. Cumulative production for each well was calculated through September 2019.

This project is a summary of the Deadwood and Winnipeg Formations' production and drill stem test results. Map sets include a production map, cumulative production map and DST results in North Dakota's portion of the Williston Basin. The Deadwood and Winnipeg Formations are highlighted by the red box on the North Dakota Stratigraphic Column on the left. A representative log of the Deadwood and Winnipeg Formations is shown below along with a map showing the well's approximate location.

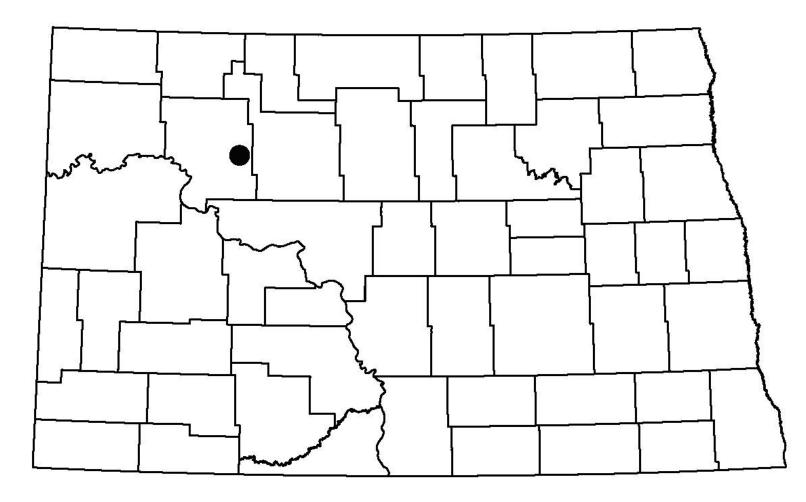


#### References

Murphy, E.C., Nordeng, S.H., Juenker, B.J., and Hoganson, J.W., 2009, North Dakota Stratigraphic Column, North Dakota Geological Survey, MS-91, 1p.

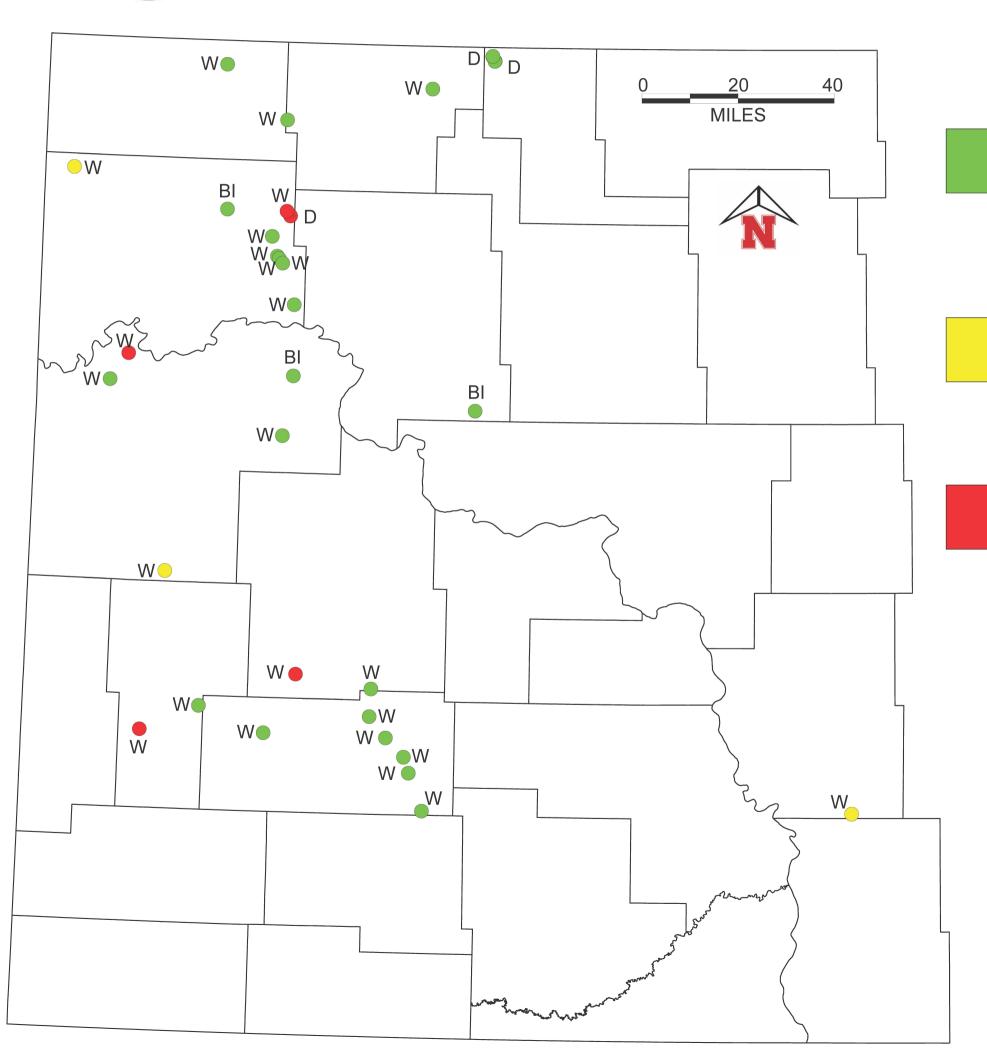
North Dakota Industrial Commission, Department of Mineral Resources, Oil and Gas Statistics, retrieved October 2019, https://www.dmr.nd.gov/oilgas/

#### NORTH DAKOTA LOCATION MAP





# DEADWOOD and WINNIPEG DRILL STEM TEST RESULTS



Travis D. Stolldorf 2020

#### **POSITIVE DSTa**

- (1) Oil or gas recovered in sampler and/or pipe (e.g. 275' Free Oil)
- (2) Description with oil or gas as the primary component of fluid/gas mixture (e.g. 150' mud cut Oil)

#### **POSITIVE DSTb**

- (1) Description with oil or gas as the secondary component of fluid/gas mixture (e.g. 150' Gas cut mud)
- (2) Hydrocarbons present but a weak indication in DST

#### **NEGATIVE DST**

(1) No Oil or Gas reported

#### **MAP ABBREVIATIONS**

D - DEADWOOD DST

**BI** - BLACK ISLAND DST

W - WINNIPEG DST



# DEADWOOD and WINNIPEG OIL PRODUCTION

